

Presentation Materials

July 2013



MIRAIT Holdings Corporation

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I. Overview of the MIRAIT Group

MIRAIT Holdings Corporation

1. Message from the President

MIRAIT

The explosive spread of smartphones and the rapid rise of cloud computing to integrate networks and computers are driving technological innovation forward along with the diversification and sophistication of services at an unprecedented pace in the information and telecommunications sector.

Meanwhile, society is facing a broad range of new challenges related to the environment, new energy sources, and reliable security, which has led to high expectations for the role of this sector in creating solutions.

Daimei Telecom Engineering Corp., Commuture Corp. and Todentsu Corp. – companies with over sixty years of experience in the construction of telecommunications infrastructure – merged on October 1, 2012 to become MIRAIT Corporation and MIRAIT Technologies Corporation under MIRAIT Holdings Corporation.

In becoming the new MIRAIT Group we have taken our first step in our goal of consistently providing accurate, dynamic responses to the requirements of our customers and society by generating synergies in business management.

True to its name's origin, "MIRAI (Future in Japanese) + IT(Information Technology)," the MIRAIT Group will leverage the solid technologies it has developed for the construction of information and communications facilities and for a full range of facility needs to aggressively expand its business domains while working alongside customers to address the new problems emerging in this era.

We will maximize the shareholder value by actively playing our part in creating the future society as a "Comprehensive Engineering and Services Company "that meets all the expectations of our customers.



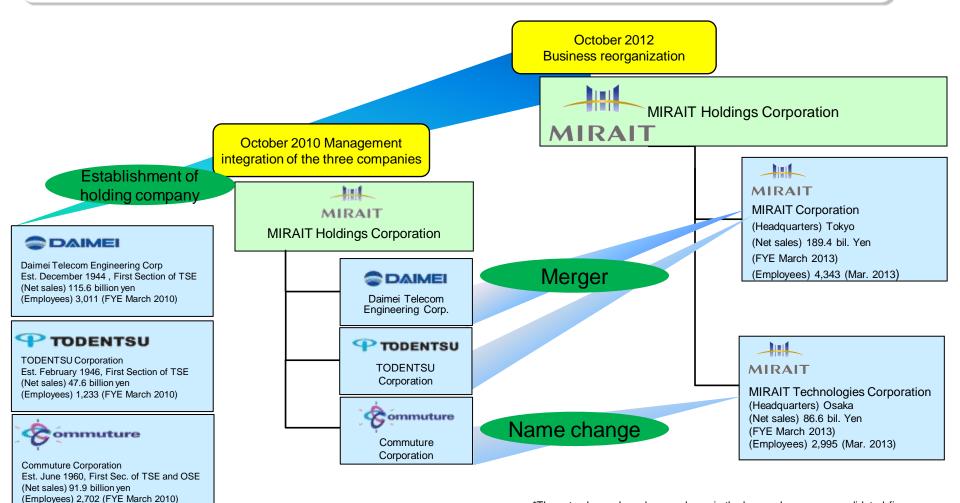
Masatoshi Suzuki President and Chief Executive Officer

2. Overview of MIRAIT Holdings

| Establishment | October 1, 2010 |
|---|--|
| Capital stock | 7 billion yen |
| President (CEO) | Masatoshi Suzuki |
| Shares | [Total outstanding shares] 85,381,866 shares [Unit] 100 shares |
| Listed securities exchanges | Tokyo Stock Exchange , First Section (Code No.: 1417) |
| Ratings | Rating & Investment Information, Inc. (R&I) A- Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd. (JCR) A- |
| Performance (Fiscal year ended March 31, 2013) | [Consolidated net sales] 271.0 billion yen [Consolidated operating income] 10.8 billion yen |
| Headquarters | 5-6-36 Toyosu, Koto-ku, Tokyo |
| Business locations | [Domestic] 34 locations *Total number of locations of MIRAIT and MIRAIT Technologies Corp [Overseas] 4 locations (Philippines, Australia, Sri Lanka, Myanmar) |
| Consolidated subsidiaries (As of March 31, 2013) | 37 |
| Employees (As of March 31, 2013) | [Consolidated] 7,454 (Mirait Holdings : 116) (Mirait : Consolidated 4,343, Non-consolidated 2,650) (Mirait Technologies: Consolidated 2,995, Non-consolidated 964) |
| Term-end | March 31, every year |

3. Formation of the MIRAIT Group

- In October 2010, a management integration was carried out by Daimei Telecom Engineering Corporation, Commuture
 Corporation and TODENTSU Corporation, which had conducted business creating communication infrastructure for over half
 a century as partners of telecommunications carriers. They established MIRAIT Holdings Corporation.
- On October 1, 2012, a transition was made from an organization based on three operating companies to two operating companies (MIRAIT and MIRAIT Technologies), and the structure was shifted to a "Comprehensive Engineering and Services Company".



^{*}The net sales and employees shown in the boxes above are consolidated figures.

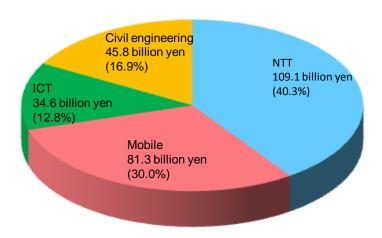
4. Business Composition

 The Group conducts business in a wide range of areas including ICT, the environment and energy, based on the creation of communication infrastructure (fixed communication and mobile communication) that is its main business.

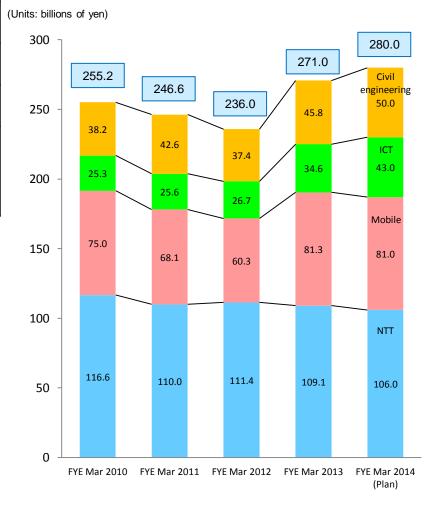
(1) Business content

| Business category | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| (1) NTT Construction, maintenance and operation of fixed communication facilities | | | | | |
| (2) Mobile | Construction, maintenance and operation of mobile communication facilities | | | | |
| (3) ICT | ■ Construction, maintenance and operation of communication networks of general companies | | | | |
| (4) Civil Engineering | Construction, maintenance and operation of electrical and air conditioning facilities of general companies Creation of social infrastructure of public engineering works and business related to the environment and new energy Overseas business | | | | |

(2) Composition of sales in the year ended March 31, 2013

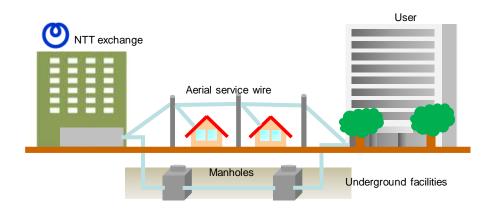


(3) Net sales by business



5. Business Overview (1)NTT Business

- Construction, maintenance and operation of fixed communication facilities of the NTT Group. Centered on the Greater Tokyo and Kansai regions.
- The Company's core business, accounts for 40.3% of net sales.





Pole renewal



Setting up optical fiber



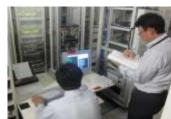
Laying optical fiber



Construction of underground facilities

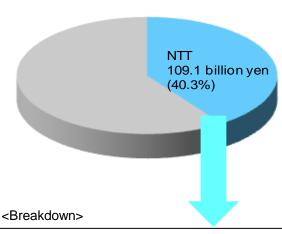


Work to lay underground conduits



Upgrading switch programs

Net sales and composition (FYE Mar 2013)



Home and outdoor work Large scale outdoor work

 \rightarrow Pole renewal , Other

Public engineering works

(Manhole, conduit facilities, public utility facilities)

Network line work

Facility management business (repair, cable maintenance)

(2) Mobile Business

- Nationwide works on construction, maintenance and operation of communications facilities of all mobile carriers such as NTT DoCoMo, KDDI, Softbank and eAccess.
- This accounts for 30.0% of net sales.

Maintenance

inspections of wireless

base stations

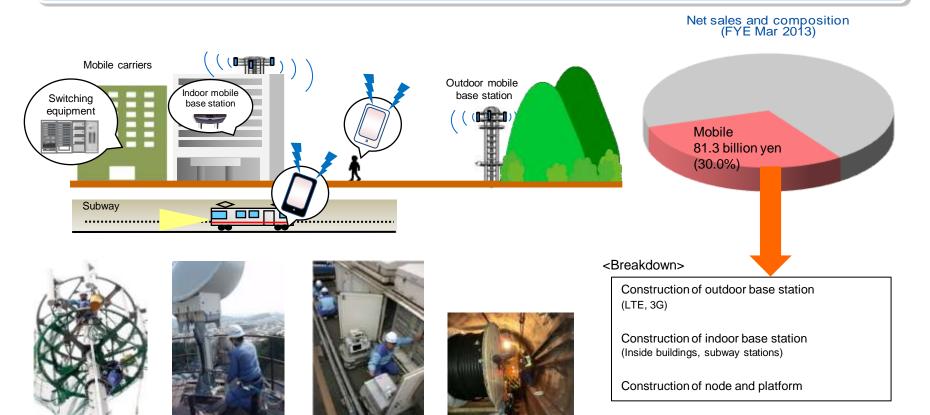
Co-installation of

wireless base stations

Adjustment and

testing of wireless

base stations



Work to resolve poor

signal areas between

subway stations

(3) ICT / Civil Engineering Business

The growing business which serves as an engine to become a "Comprehensive Engineering and Services Company".

- ICT: Supports our clients to create the ICT infrastructure. Consists 12.8% of net sales of FY 2013.
- Civil Engineering: Offers the comprehensive solutions to create environmental / social infrastructure.
 Consists 16.9% of net sales of FY 2013.

(1) ICT



Creating PBX



Configuring servers



Creating LAN-WAN



Creating security systems

<Breakdown>

IP networking and communications

→Creation of LAN, WAN, wireless LAN

Software development

→System design, application development

Operation and Maintenance

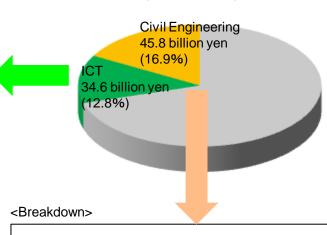
→On-site maintenance, remote monitoring service

Telecommunications

→Installation of PBX / IP-PBX systems

Sales and others .

Net sales and composition (FYE Mar 2013)



Social infrastructure

→Public engineering works, telecommunications engineering works, public sewer construction works

Electrical and air conditioning

- →Building electric facilities, power plant for telecommunications
- →Air conditioning, hygienic facilities, solar power plants

Carrier networking

 \rightarrow Creating Wi-Fi facilities, Fixed line facilities

Operation & maintenance, overseas and others

 \rightarrow Creating monitoring system for electric energy

(2) Civil Engineering



Building solar power plants

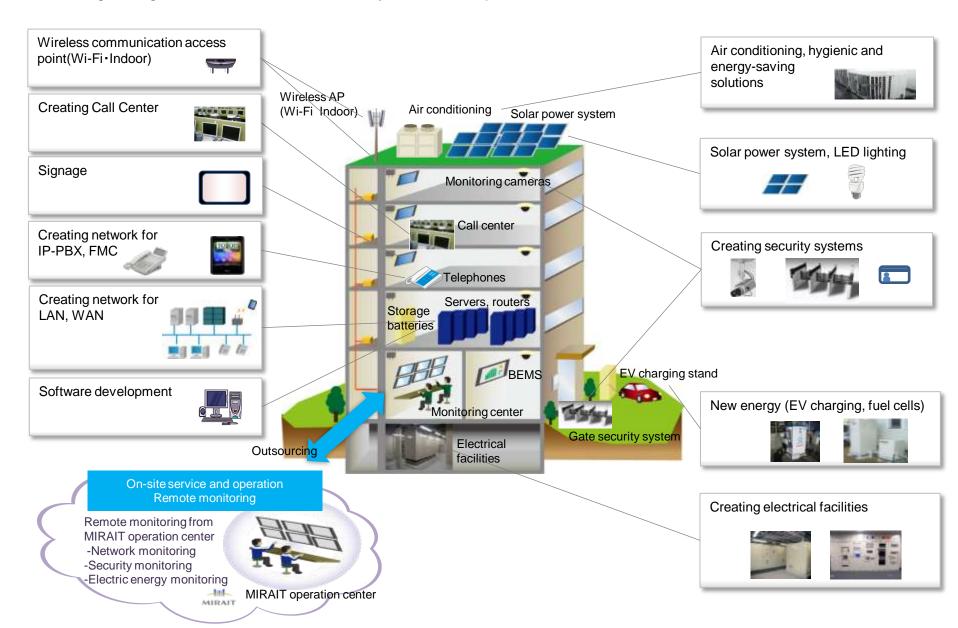


Setting up Wi-Fi environments



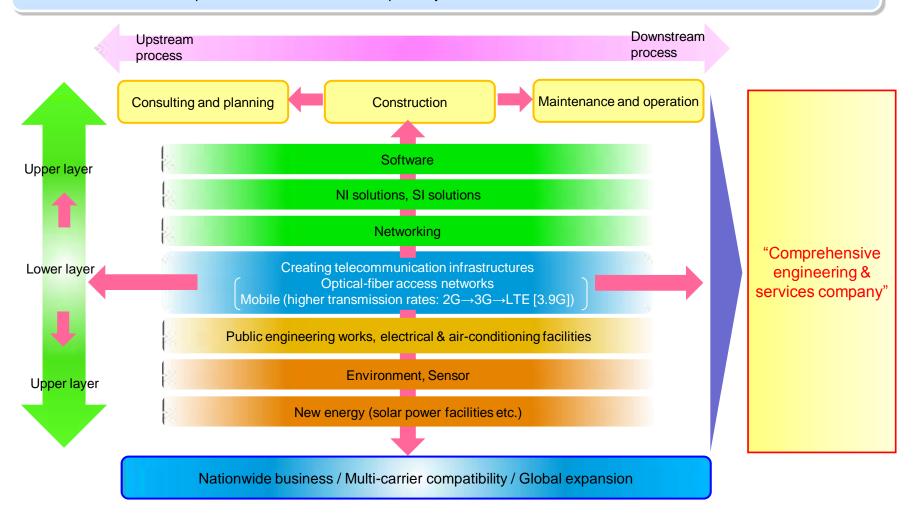
Repairing lighting equipment of highways

■ Building Management and Solutions Offered by MIRAIT Group



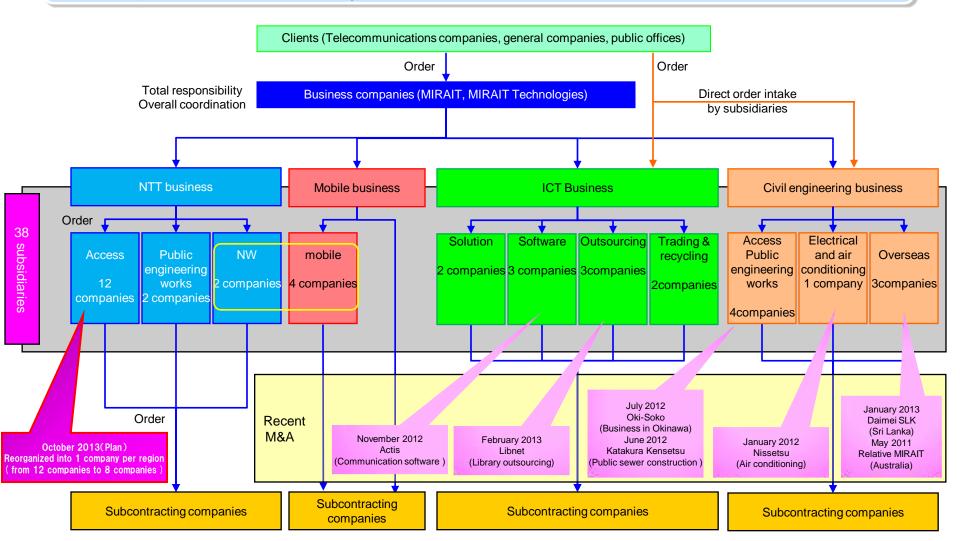
6. Structural shift towards the "Comprehensive Engineering and Services Company"

- Promoting our structural shift towards the "Comprehensive Engineering and Services Company" by integrating our technologies obtained from creating telecommunication infrastructure and ICT/Civil engineering business
- Expanding the value added areas from lower to upper layer business, while corresponding thoroughly from upstream to downstream process
- Nationwide business expansion and multi-carrier compatibility



7. Group Formation

- In NTT and Mobile business, MIRAIT and MIRAIT Technologies bear total responsibility including designing, quantity survey, operational management, while subsidiaries and subcontracting companies undertake the construction works.
- In ICT/Civil Engineering business, there are cases that subsidiaries directly takes orders from clients.
- In ICT/Civil Engineering, the group deploys various programs (solution, software, outsourcing, trading company).
 Further expansion of business areas through active M&A





II. Financial Overview FYE March, 2013

MIRAIT Holdings Corporation

1. Financial Overview

| Units: billions of yen | FYE March 2012 (Ratio) | FYE March 2013 (Ratio) | YoY (YoY Change) | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|--|
| | (a) | (b) | (b)-(a) | |
| Orders received | 252.0 | 278.1 | + 26.0 (+10.3%) | |
| Net sales | 236.0 (100%) | 271.0 (100%) | + 34.9 (+14.8%) | |
| Gross profit | 24.0 (10.2%) | 29.3 (10.8%) | + 5.2 (+22.0%) | |
| SG&A | 18.7 (8.0%) | 18.4 (6.8%) | -0.2 (-1.5%) | |
| Operating income | 5.2 (2.2%) | 10.8 (4.0%) | + 5.5 (+105.8%) | |
| Ordinary income | 6.1 (2.6%) | 11.7 (4.3%) | + 5.5 (+ 90.3%) | |
| Net income 3.2 (1.4%) | | 4.2 (1.5%) | + 0.9 (+ 29.2%) | |
| Construction account carried forward | 62.1 | 69.2 | + 7.1 | |

Earnings Highlights

- Due to strong performance centered on the mobile business, orders received increased by 26.0 billion yen to 278.1 billion yen
- Strong performance in the mobile business and the civil engineering business led to net sales increasing by 34.9 billion yen to 271.0 billion yen

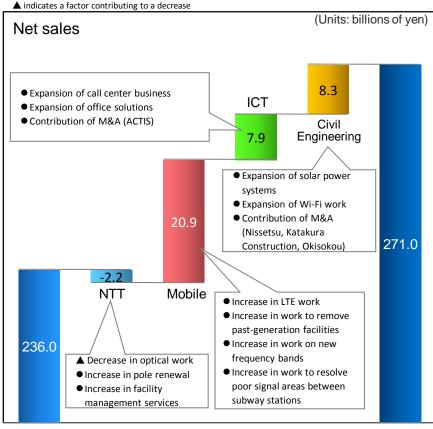
| Unite hillians of | FYE March 2012 | FYE March 2013 | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------|--|------------|--|
| Units: billions of yen | Full-year Results | Full-year Results 109.1 81.3 34.6 45.8 | YoY Change | |
| NTT Business | 111.4 | 109.1 | - 2.2 | |
| Mobile Business | 60.3 | 81.3 | + 20.9 | |
| ICT Business | 26.7 | 34.6 | + 7.9 | |
| Civil Engineering Business | 37.4 | 45.8 | + 8.3 | |
| Total | 236.0 | 271.0 | + 34.9 | |

- Operating income increased by 5.5 billion yen to 10.8 billion yen due to increased sales and the gross profit ratio increasing from 10.2% to 10.8%. The company recorded both increased revenue and profit
- Net income was 4.2 billion yen due to the recording of extraordinary loss (4.7 billion yen) associated with business reorganization.

2. Details of Net Sales [YoY Comparison]

- Net sales in the NTT business decreased by 2.2 billion yen due to a decrease in optical fiber work
- A significant increase of 20.9 billion yen in net sales in the mobile business due to expansion of LTE work and surrounding areas
- Net sales increased in the ICT/civil engineering business due to increased demand for Wi-Fi and M&A, etc

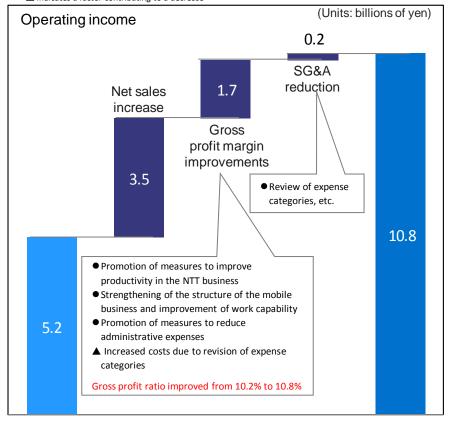
indicates a factor contributing to an increase



3. Details of Operating Income [YoY Comparison]

- Earnings increased by 3.5 billion yen due to factors increasing net sales
- The gross margin increased from 10.2% to 10.8% due to factors such as the recovery of the mobile business and reduction of administrative expenses, and earnings increased by 1.7 billion yen
- SG&A expenses decreased by 200 million yen due to a review of expense categories

indicates a factor contributing to an increaseindicates a factor contributing to a decrease



FYE Mar 2012 FYE Mar 2013 FYE Mar 2012 FYE Mar 2013

4. Dividend Policy

- The Company's basic dividend policy is to pay dividends consistently in consideration of its latest business performance and the trend of dividend payout ratio
- 20-yen per share dividend (10-yen interim dividend, 10-yen year-end dividend) for the FYE March 31, 2013
- The total dividend is 1.648 billion yen and the payout ratio is 39.2%
- The dividend forecast for the FYE March 31, 2014, is to maintain a 20-yen per share dividend (10-yen interim dividend, 10-yen year-end dividend)

5. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets

- Equity ratio was 60.0% as of March-end 2013
- About 70% of assets consist with current assets, mainly Cash and deposits, Accounts receivable from completed construction contracts and Costs on uncompleted construction contracts and orders
- About 60% of liabilities are Accounts payable for construction contracts, and debt with interests accounts only a small portion

Balance Sheet for the Year Ended March 31, 2013 Balance Sheet for the Year Ended March 31, 2012 Liabilities 66.1 billion yen Liabilities (Interest-bearing debt: 1.0 billion yen) 50.7 billion yen (Accounts payable for construction **Assets** (Interest-bearing debt: 0.5 billion yen) contracts: 38.1 billion yen) **Assets** (Accounts payable for construction 172.7 billion yen contracts: 29.3 billion yen) 153.7 billion yen (Breakdown) Equity: Net assets 103.6 Net assets (Breakdown) Current assets: 126.5 billion yen 106.6 billion yen billion yen (Cash and deposits: 14.8 billion yen) Current assets: 107.9 billion yen 102.9 billion yen **Equity ratio** (Accounts receivable from completed (Breakdown) (Cash and deposits: 20.4 billion yen) 60.0% (Breakdown) construction contracts: 82.7 billion yen) (Accounts receivable from completed Capital stock: 7.0 billion yen Capital stock: 7.0 billion yen Noncurrent assets: 46.2 billion yen construction contracts: 66.1 billion yen) Capital surplus: 25.9 billion yen Capital surplus: 25.9 billion yen Noncurrent assets: 45.7 billion ven Retained earnings 71.4 billion ven Retained earnings 68.9 billion yen Treasury stock: -1.6 billion yen Treasury stock: -1.6 billion yen Minority interests: 2.9 billion yen Minority interests: 2.5 billion yen



III. Business Plan for the Fiscal Year Ending March 31, 2014

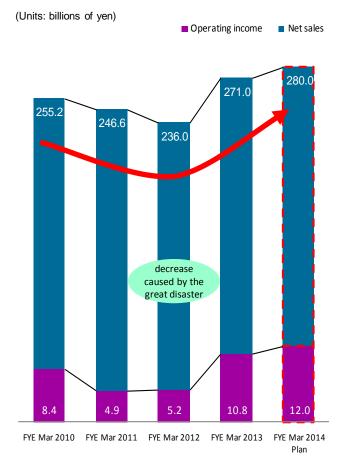
MIRAIT Holdings Corporation

1. Business Plan

- The Fiscal Year Ending March 31, 2014 will be the year in which the results of the effects of business reorganization completed in last October emerge the most
- We will achieve unified management of the group's business and optimization of management resource allocation to promote improvement of productivity and strengthening of competitiveness
 - We will implement reforms of the business management structure such as restructuring of subsidiaries, and strategically implement the flow and reassignment of personnel
- We will pursue group synergies including companies acquired, and promote efforts to transform the business portfolio and develop new growth
- Based on the above, we aim to achieve the medium-term management plan targets of 280 billion yen in net sales and 12 billion yen in operating income

Medium-term management Plan FYE March 2010 FYE March 2011 FYE March 2012 FYE March 2013 FYE March 2014 Units billions of yen (Plan) 255.2 246.6 236.0 271.0 280.0 **Net sales** 116.6 110.0 111.4 109.1 106.0 NTT Mobile 75.0 68.1 60.3 81.3 81.0 25.3 25.6 26.7 34.6 43.0 **ICT** 38.2 42.6 37.4 45.8 50.0 Civil eng. Gross profit 27.8 24.3 24.0 29.3 31.0 10.8% Gross profit ratio 10.9% 9.9% 10.2% 11.1% SG&A 19.3 18.7 18.4 19.0 19.3 SG&A ratio 7.6% 7.8% 8.0% 6.8% 6.8% 8.4 4.9 5.2 10.8 12.0 Operating income Operating income 3.3% 2.0% 2.2% 4.0% 4.2% ratio

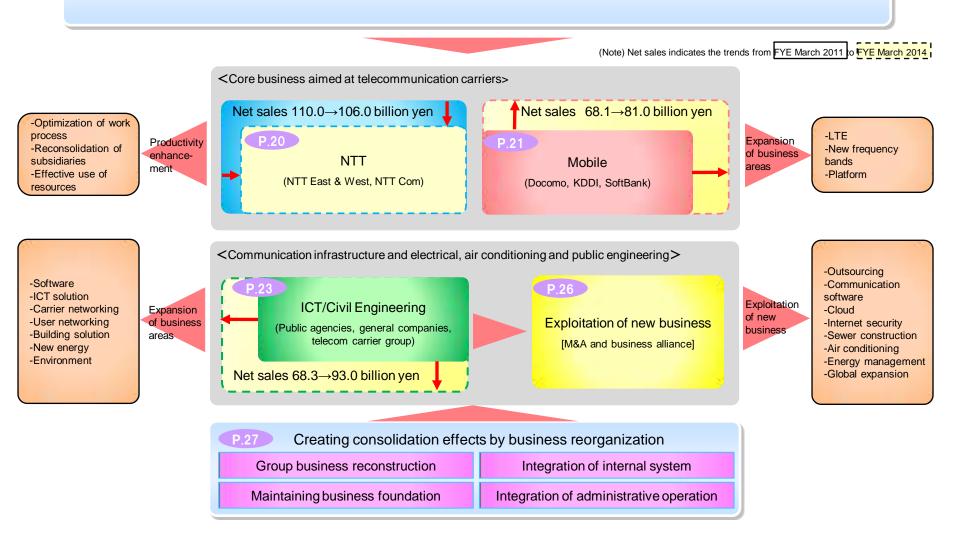
Net Sales and Operating Income



(Notes) The simple aggregate of the 3 integrated companies is used for the figures until FYE March 2011.

2. Perspectives of the Management Plan

- Sustainable improvement of corporate value while growing as the "Comprehensive Engineering and Services Company"
- Promote of active shift of business portfolio while strengthening ICT / Civil Engineering business area

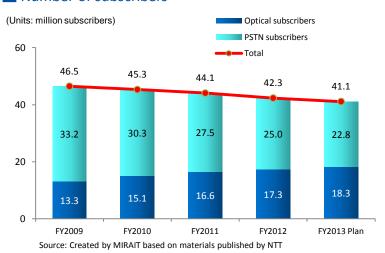


3. Efforts in the NTT Business

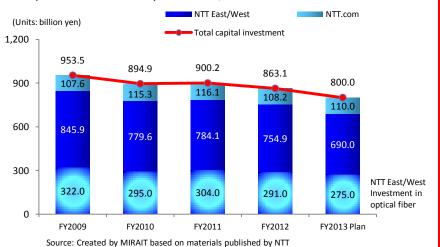
<Environment>

- Capital investment is declining due to the maturing of the fixed broadband market
- Conventional work is in decline, but updating of transmission and exchange equipment to IP networks has been brought forward
- Area expansion of facility management

Number of subscribers



Capital investment by NTT East/West and NTT Communications



<Policy>

- Make up the fall in sales by developing relevant businesses such as facilities management services
- Reforming our business operation structure and build an organization able to create profit even when faced with shrinking revenue

Net sales in the NTT business



Main efforts

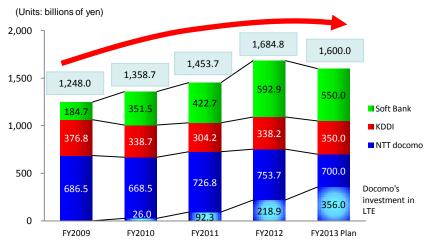
| Item | Details |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Net sales expansion | Expansion of facility management operations outsourced by NTT (FYE Mar 2013 5.3 → FYE Mar 2014 5.7 billion yen) Expansion of pole renewal (FYE Mar 2013 9.3 → FYE Mar 2014 11.3 billion yen) Acceptance of orders for Tohoku reconstruction work |
| Productivity Improve- ments | Transformation of business operation structure (Reorganization of access subsidiaries, creation of regional support centers, etc.) Flow of personnel due to increased operational efficiency Improvement of productivity through KAIZEN activities |

4. Efforts in the Mobile Business

<Environment>

- Capital investment by mobile carriers has tended to be limited, but there is a shift toward strengthening LTE equipment, etc. as smartphones spread
- Their business domains are expanding from mobile communication services to customer services with high added value

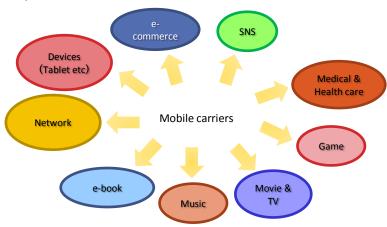
Capital investment by the three major mobile carriers



(Note) Amount of investment in mobile communications. Soft Bank's FY2013 plan shows the total amount of capital investment announced in October 2012

Source: Created by MIRAIT based on materials published by each company

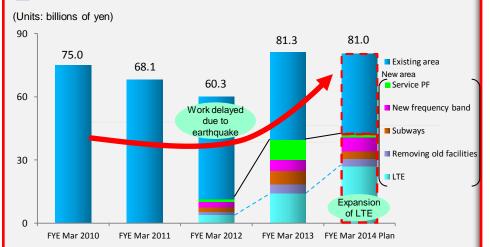
Expansion of mobile carriers' business domains



<Policy>

- Strengthening our flexible nationwide operating structure as small-scale work increases
- Using existing technologies to expand into surrounding areas
- Development and expansion of of new businesses matching the carrier trends

Net sales in the mobile business



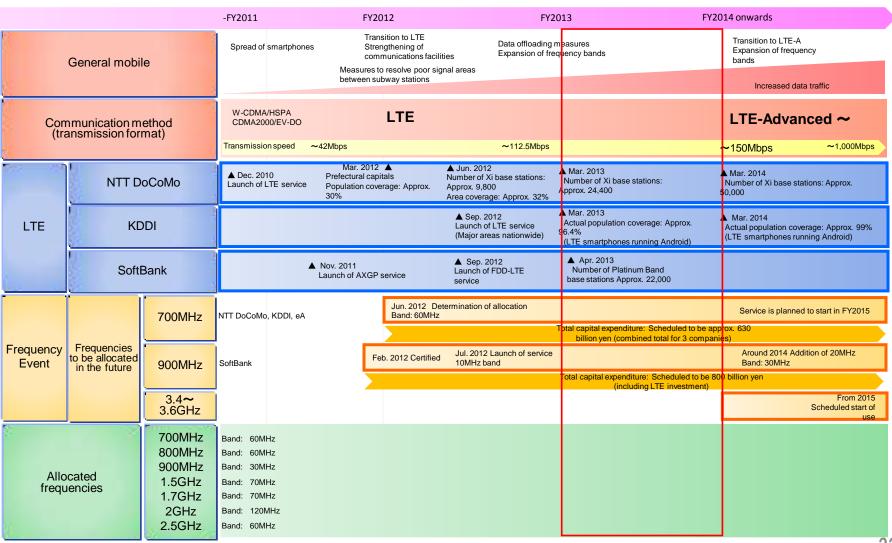
Main efforts

| Item | Details |
|------------------|---|
| Expanded area | Expansion of LTE work (macrocell/microcell) Expansion of work related to new frequency bands (700M/900M) Expansion of work on broadband mobile wireless systems Expansion of exchange and transmission work Expansion of service platforms and clean energy base stations |

Use of ICT to adapt to changes in the business domains of mobile carriers

■ Trends among mobile carriers

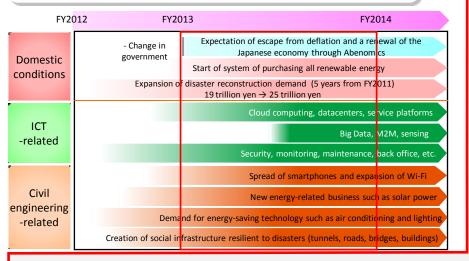
- Since the start of this FY2012, mobile carriers have been accelerating LTE services. Mobile phone services using new frequency bands have also been started
- There are also plans to proceed with services in new frequency bands and LTE-Advanced from FY2014 onwards



5. Efforts in the ICT/Civil Engineering Business

<Environment>

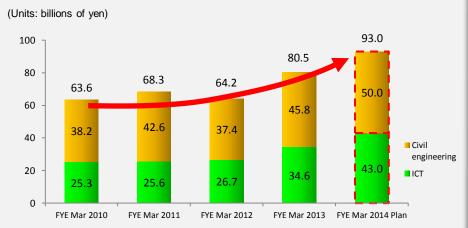
- Expansion of public investments through Abenomics, recovery in corporate IT investment
- Increased energy-related demand such as solar power and energysaving technology
- Increased demand for Wi-Fi due to the spread of smartphones and tablets



<Policy>

- Promotion of ICT solutions (cloud computing, data centers, call center business, etc.)
- Expansion of environmental business (solar power, EV charging on highways)
- Creation of Wi-Fi facilities and expansion of solution business

■ Net sales in the ICT/Civil Engineering business



Main efforts in the ICT business

IP Networking & Call center solutions Data center operation and maintenance Communications Expansion of business utilizing sales and development Software capabilities acquired through M&A and alliances FYE March 2014 Net sales target Operation and One-stop service maintenance (From network creation to monitoring / on-site 43.0 billion yen maintenance) Tele-· Provision of internal networking solutions to PBX users communications Development of new products and customers through Sales and others M&A and collaboration with partners

Main efforts in the civil engineering business

| FYE March 2014 Net sales target 50.0 billion yen | Electrical and air conditioning | Creation of electrical facilities such as public works, solar power, and EV charging Expansion of energy-saving and environmental business in the field of air conditioning |
|--|---|--|
| | Social infrastructure | Tohoku reconstruction business (conduits, electrical facilities, solar power, etc.) Strengthening of efforts related to refuge towers as a disaster-related business |
| | Carrier networks | Design, creation, operation and maintenance of telecommunications carriers' networks (in-house facilities) |
| | Operation and maintenance Overseas, other | Enhancement of operations subcontracted by telecommunications carriers (maintenance, operation, etc.) Active expansion of business in the Asia-Pacific area |

■Specific Measures

| ICT | Civil Engineering |
|--|---|
| ◆ Enhancement of management services for enterprises • 24-hour monitoring, operation and maintenance of servers and networks → Concentration of centers in the Company's Edagawa Building (Koto-ku) → Currently providing the services to 290 companies | ◆ Construction of solar power systems • Increased orders of megawatt-class power generation facilities → Orders received: 1.3 billion yen, power generated: 12.4Mw (FYE Mar 2013) |
| Expansion of call center business Acceptance of orders for cloud-based WFM*1 from Japan Post Bank, etc. → Implemented in 50 companies (148 centers) at present | Expansion of Wi-Fi construction work Participation in the Seibu Dome "Stadium Wi- Fi Solution *2" Construction of Wi-Fi spots in nationwide convenience stores Sale and implementation of WAVION (WiFi equipment) |
| ◆ Expansion of office solution business • Creation of security systems for office relocation/ consolidation (primarily in financial systems) → Surveillance cameras/ access management systems/ instruments, etc. → Servers/PC/LAN/security/PBX, etc. | Acceptance of orders for disaster communication systems and satellite communication vehicles Construction of disaster-resilient networks and development of vehicles equipped with satellite communications by participating in a joint project with the National Institute of Information and Communications Technology and Tohoku University funded by the Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications Copy Right NI |
| Expansion of industry-tailored solutions Implementation of ICT equipment in educational facilities such as universities (Servers, networks) Creation of PBX, etc. in hotels (particularly resort hotels) | Construction of tsunami refuge towers for use in the event of large-scale disasters Construction of shelter tower able to hold 100 people in Asahi-shi, Chiba |
| ◆ Strengthening of price competiveness of software • Establishment of a subsidiary in Myanmar for offshore development (hired 15 personnel) • Established MIRAIT Information Systems Okinawa (15 personnel) →Software engineer spreads to 1,000 personnel by 2017 (October, 2010 when a group started is 300 personnel) | Expansion of overseas business Engaged in fixed telephone work, mobile backbone work and wireless work in Australia, the Philippines and Sri Lanka |

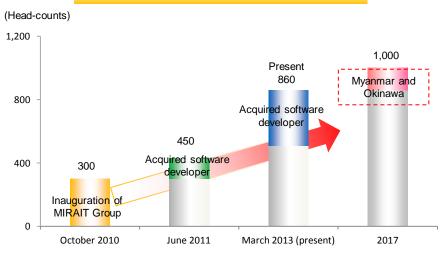
^{*1} In-house development of a workforce management system for call centers able to appropriately assign agents by estimating the number of calls.

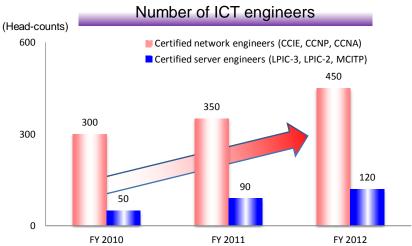
^{*2} Jointly provided by Seibu Lions, Seibu Railways, NTT-BP and Cisco Systems. By using a narrow beam directional antenna designed for stadium use and an advanced wireless resource management system, overall network performance is optimized in high-density Wi-Fi environments.

Reference [Software]

- Promoting the software business and strengthen both quality and quantity of engineers
- Increasing ICT engineers in the field of server/networking

Number of software engineers

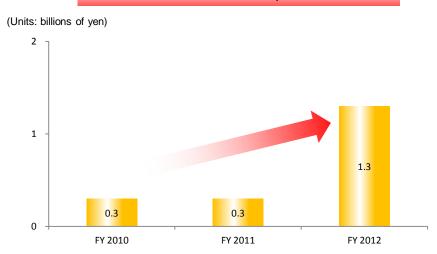


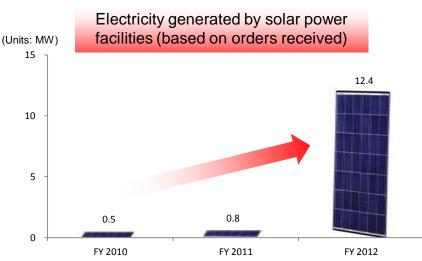


[Solar power]

- Increasing the orders received in accordance with the demand for new energies after the earthquake
- Already received 5 projects in the megawatt scale

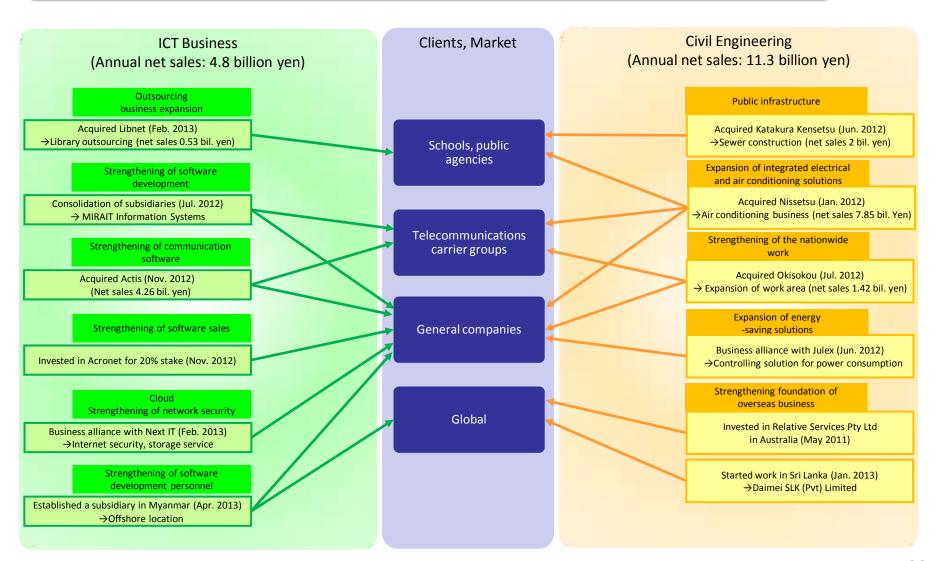
Orders received for solar power facilities





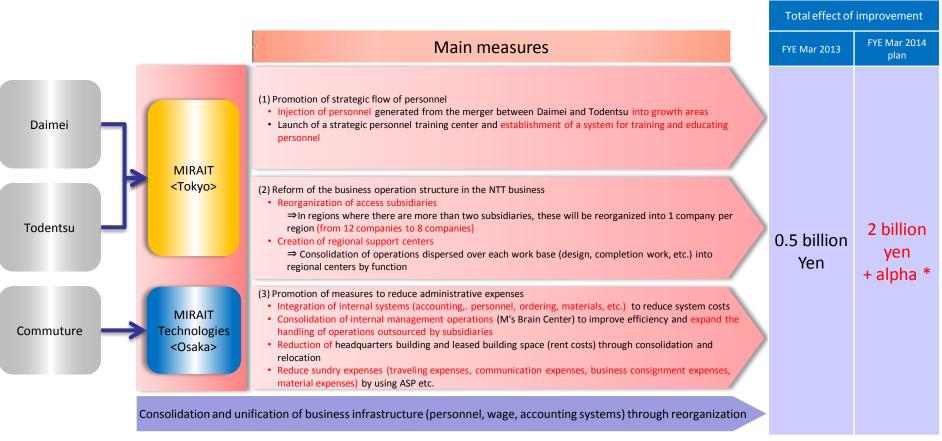
6. Exploitation of New Business Fields through M&A

- In ICT, we intend to exploit new business fields mainly in the upper layer (software, cloud computing, etc.)
- In Civil Engineering, we will expand our business domain mainly in areas around existing business



7. Creation of Integration Effect through Business Reorganization and Reduction of Administrative Expenses

- Maximizing the effects of reorganization enables the strategic flow of personnel and injection of personnel into growth areas
- In particular in NTT business, unified operation of the group will be promoted by reforming the business operation structure
- Promotion of cost-reduction measures through reduction of administrative expenses



* Effect of increasing earnings compared to the previous year



IV. Reference Materials

MIRAIT Holdings Corporation

1. Performance

Performance

| Units: billions of yen | FYE March 2010 | FYE March 2011 | FYE March 2012 | FYE March 2013 | FYE March 2014 (Plan) |
|------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| Orders received | 252.9 | 241.3 | 252.0 | 278.0 | 281.0 |
| Net sales | 255.2 | 246.6 | 236.0 | 271.0 | 280.0 |
| Gross profit | 27.8 | 24.3 | 24.0 | 29.3 | 31.0 |
| Gross profit ratio | 10.9% | 9.9% | 10.2% | 10.8% | 11.1% |
| SG&A | 19.3 | 19.3 | 18.7 | 18.4 | 19.0 |
| SG&A ratio | 7.6% | 7.8% | 8.0% | 6.8% | 6.8% |
| Operating income | 8.4 | 4.9 | 5.2 | 10.8 | 12.0 |
| Operating income ratio | 3.3% | 2.0% | 2.2% | 4.0% | 4.2% |
| Net income | 5.7 | 3.7 | 3.2 | 4.2 | 7.5 |
| Net income ratio | 2.2% | 1.5% | 1.4% | 1.5% | 2.7% |

(Note) The figures for FYE March 2010 are calculated based on the simple aggregate of the 3 integrated companies.

2. Orders Received and Net Sales by Business Category

| | FYE March 2012 | FYE March 2013 | | | FYE March 2014 (Plan) | | |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|-----------------------|---|--|
| Orders received Units: billions of yen | Full year actual (a) | Full year actual (b) | Changes Against Previous FY (b)-(a) | Rate of changes Against previous FY (b)/(a) | Full year plan (c) | Changes Against Previous FY (c)-(b) | Rate of changes Against previous FY (c)/(b) |
| NTT Business | 113.7 | 110.7 | (3.0) | (2.6%) | 107.0 | (3.7) | (3.4% |
| Mobile Business | 66.0 | 84.5 | + 18.4 | + 27.9% | 77.0 | (7.5) | (8.9% |
| ICT Business | 27.3 | 35.1 | + 7.8 | + 28.6% | 44.0 | + 8.8 | + 25.3% |
| Civil Engineering Business | 44.9 | 47.7 | + 2.8 | + 6.3% | 53.0 | + 5.2 | + 11.0% |
| Total | 252.0 | 278.1 | + 26.0 | + 10.3% | 281.0 | + 2.8 | + 1.0% |
| | FYE March 2012 | | FYE March 2013 | | | YE March 2014(Plan |) |
| Net sales Units: billions of yen | Full year actual (a) | Full year actual (b) | Changes Against Previous FY (b)-(a) | Rate of changes Against previous FY (b)/(a) | Full year plan (c) | Changes Against Previous FY (c) [–] (b) | Rate of changes Against previous FY (c)/(b) |
| | | | | | | | |

| | 2012 | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| Net sales Units: billions of yen | Full year actual (a) | Full year actual (b) | Changes Against Previous FY (b)-(a) | Rate of changes Against previous FY (b)/(a) | Full year plan (c) | Changes Against Previous FY (c)-(b) | Rate of changes Against previous FY (c)/(b) | |
| NTT Business | 111.4 | 109.1 | (2.2) | (2.0%) | 106.0 | (3.1) | (2.9%) | |
| Mobile Business | 60.3 | 81.3 | + 20.9 | + 34.8% | 81.0 | (0.3) | (0.4%) | |
| ICT Business | 26.7 | 34.6 | + 7.9 | + 29.5% | 43.0 | + 8.3 | + 24.0% | |
| Civil Engineering Business | 37.4 | 45.8 | + 8.3 | + 22.3% | 50.0 | + 4.1 | + 9.1% | |
| Total | 236.0 | 271.0 | + 34.9 | + 14.8% | 280.0 | + 8.9 | + 3.3% | |

^{*} Figures are rounded down to one decimal place (billions of yen).

3. Key Performance Indicators

Capital-related Indicators

| | FYE March 2010 | FYE March 2011 | FYE March 2012 | FYE March 2013 | FYE March 2014 (Forecast) |
|------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------------------------|
| Equity ratio | 65.1% | 66.5% | 65.3% | 60.0% | 60.8% |
| Return on equity (ROE) | 5.7% | 3.8% | 3.3% | 4.1% | 6.9% |

Shareholder Return Indicators

| | FYE March 2010 | FYE March 2011 | FYE March 2012 | FYE March 2013 | FYE March 2014 (Forecast) |
|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------------------------|
| Dividend payout ratio | 32.9% | 47.0% | 50.7% | 39.2% | 22.0% |
| Overall returns | 33.1% | 54.7% | 50.7% | 39.2% | 22.0% |

Capital Investment and Depreciation and Amortization

| Units: billions of yen | FYE March 2010 | FYE March 2011 | FYE March 2012 | FYE March 2013 | FYE March 2014 (Forecast) |
|-------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------------------------|
| Capital expenditure | 6.1 | 6.4 | 3.4 | 2.9 | 3.5 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 2.6 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.0 |

(Note) The figures for FYE March 2010 are calculated based on the simple aggregate of the 3 integrated companies.

Cash Flows

| Units: billions of yen | FYE March 2010 | FYE March 2011 | FYE March 2012 | FYE March 2013 |
|------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Operating cash flow | 0.8 | 3.6 | 5.4 | - 1.6 |
| Investment cash flow | - 3.6 | 0.4 | - 2.3 | - 1.5 |
| Financial cash flow | - 7.9 | - 7.1 | - 2.1 | - 2.4 |
| Free cash flow | - 2.8 | 4.0 | 3.1 | - 3.1 |

Cash and Deposits/ Interest-bearing Debt

| Units: billions of yen | FYE March 2010 | FYE March 2011 | FYE March 2012 | FYE March 2013 |
|---------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | 21.3 | 18.3 | 19.6 | 13.9 |
| Interest-bearing debt | - 4.8 | - 0.6 | - 0.5 | - 1.0 |
| Net cash | 16.5 | 17.7 | 19.1 | 12.9 |

(Notes)

(Note) The figures for FYE March 2010 are calculated based on the simple aggregate of the 3 integrated companies.

^{1.} Net cash is the amount obtained by deducting interest-bearing debt from cash and cash equivalents

^{2.} Cash and cash equivalents exclude deposits and securities not maturing within 3 months.

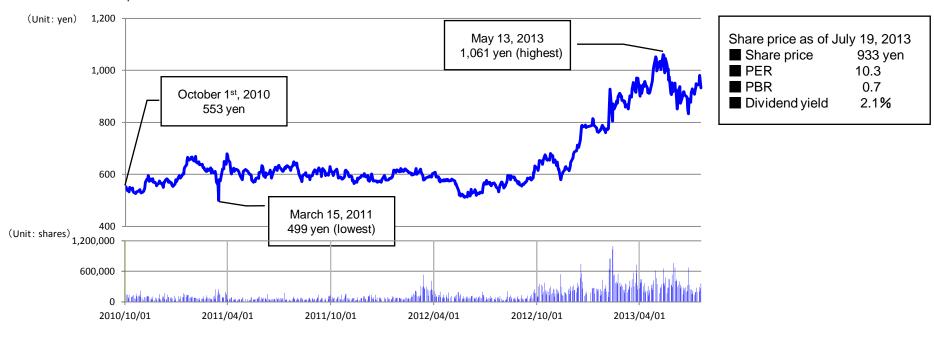
4. Share Information

(1) Major Shareholders (As of Mar. 31, 2013)

| Name of Shareholder | Number of Shares Held (thousands) | Shareholding Ratio (%) | Shareholder | Composition |
|---|---|------------------------------|---|-----------------------|
| Sumitomo Electric Industries, Ltd. | 16,236 | 19.0% | | |
| The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account) | 4,834 | 5.7% | Treasury sto | ck, etc. |
| Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust Account) | 3,894 | 4.6% | 3.5% | Individuals |
| Sumitomo Densetsu Co., Ltd. | 2,488 | 2.9% | Financial Individual institutions 21.5% 27.8% | |
| The Chase Manhattan Bank N.A. London SL Omnibus Account | 2,170 | 2.5% | | Japanese |
| BBH For Fidelity Low-priced Stock Fund (Principal All Sector Sub portfolio) | 2,000 | 2.3% | Foreign corporations 17.1% | corporations 30.1% |
| Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust Account 9) | 1,709 | 2.0% | | |
| MIRAIT Holdings Employees's Stock Option Plan | 1,485 | 1.7% | | |
| SSBT OD05 OMNIBUS ACCOUNT-TREATY CLIENTS | 1,252 | 1.5% | | |
| Mizuho Corporate Bank, Ltd. | 1,229 | 1.4% | | |

(2) Share Price (After inauguration of MIRAIT Holdings on October 1st 2010)

<1> Share price and volume



<2> Performance of MIRAIT compared to major indices



5. Executive Officers

| Position | Name | Outside Officer | Bio |
|------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|---|
| Chairman, Director | Goro Yagihashi | | Senior Executive Vice President, Nippon Telegraph and Telephone East Corporation |
| President and CEO | Masatoshi Suzuki | | Senior Executive Vice President, NTT DOCOMO, Inc. |
| Senior Executive Vice President | Fumio Takaesu | | Director, Nippon Telegraph and Telephone West Corporation |
| Director | Tatsuhisa Yoshimura | | Director, Nippon Telegraph and Telephone East Corporation |
| Director | Yoshimasa Tokui | | Director, NTT Communications Corporation |
| Director and CFO | Manabu Kiriyama | | General Manager of Accounts and Finance Department, Nippon Telegraph and Telephone East Corporation |
| Director | Masashi Sogo | | Senior Vice President, NTT DATA Corporation |
| Director | Hiroshi Kogure | | General Manager of the Fukushima Branch, Nippon Telegraph and Telephone East Corporation |
| Director | Katsuhiko Tanabe | 0 | Attoney at Law (Present) |
| Director | Yasushi Komono | 0 | President and Representative Director, Komono and Stanton Co., Ltd (Present) |
| Standing Corporate Auditor | Yoshiaki Ugaki | 0 | Vice President and Representative Director, Hibiya Engineering, Ltd. |
| Standing Corporate Auditor | Nobuyoshi Tanaka | | Canon Marketing Japan Inc. |
| Corporate Auditor | Yoshimichi Suganuma | 0 | Chairman and Representative Director, Sumitomo Densetsu Co., Ltd. (Present) |
| Corporate Auditor | Hiroshi Daikuya | 0 | Certified Public Accountant (Present) |

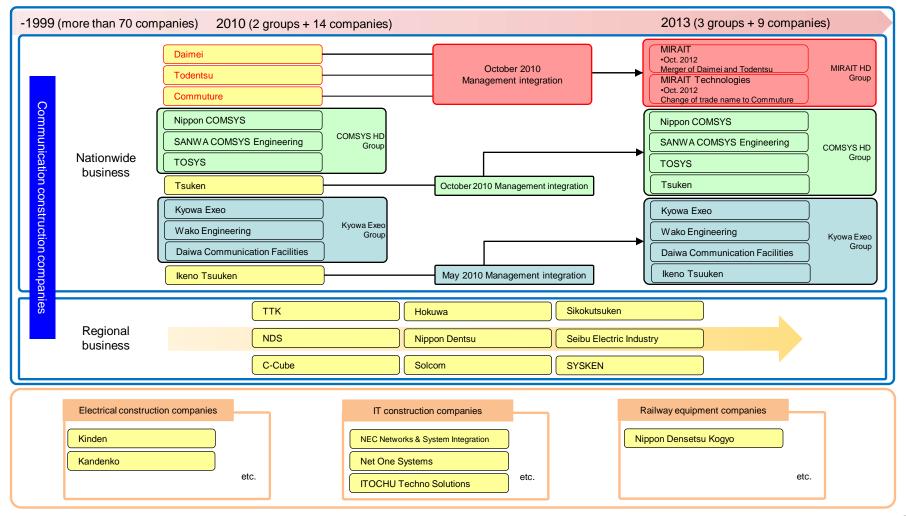
6. Overview of Major Subsidiaries

| | MIRAIT Corporation | MIRAIT Technologies Corporation |
|--|---|---|
| Capital stock | 5.6 billion yen | 3.8 billion yen |
| President (CEO) | Masatoshi Suzuki | Fumio Takaesu |
| Main Businesses | Communication engineering business, etc. | Communication engineering business, etc. |
| Consolidated Business Performance | [Net sales] 189.4 billion yen [Operating income] 9.3 billion yen | [Net sales] 86.6 billion yen [Operating income] 1.2 billion yen |
| Headquarters | 5-6-36 Toyosu, Koto-ku, Tokyo | 3-3-15 Edobori, Nishi-ku, Osaka-shi, Osaka |
| Business Locations | 20 | 14 |
| Consolidated subsidiaries (As of March 31, 2013) | 19 | 16 |
| Employees [Consolidated] 4,343 (As of March 31, 2013) [Non consolidated] 2,650 | | [Consolidated] 2,995 [Non consolidated] 964 |

^{*} The figures for MIRAIT Corporation are a simple aggregate of Daimei Corporation and Todentsu Corporation.

7. Current State of the Industry (As of June 2013)

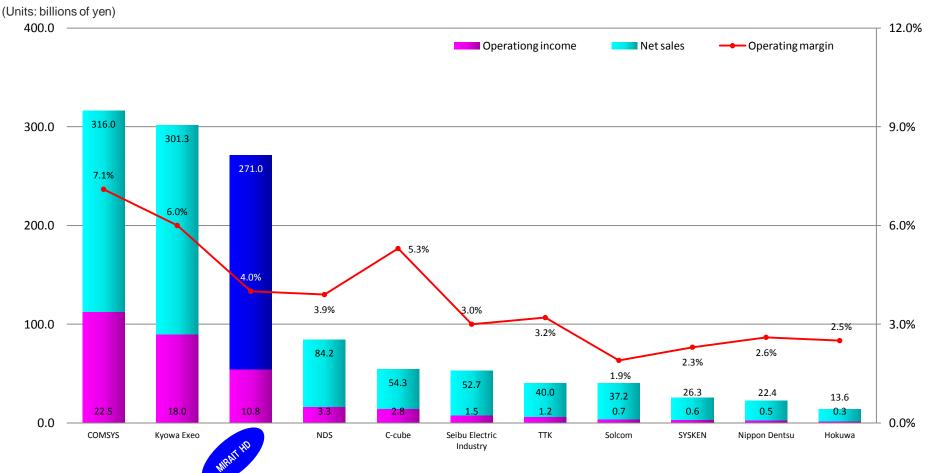
- Communications construction companies are made up of three nationwide groups (MIRAIT, COMSYS, Exeo), and nine regional companies. In recent years, a realignment of the industry has been carried out by these companies.
- Electrical construction companies and railway equipment companies are also operating businesses in the area of communications construction, and some are becoming competitors.



8. Positions in the Industry after the Formation of MIRAIT Group

 MIRAIT Holdings established with the management integration of the three companies had net sales of 271 billion yen in the FYE March 2013, approaching the scale of the two largest companies (COMSYS and Exeo).
 Growing into one of the industry's leading groups.

Communications construction companies



^{*} Prepared by MIRAIT based on the figures announced by each company. (Solcom's fiscal year closes in December and Sikokutsuken is not disclosed because it was not listed)

Corporate Philosophy





Basic Management Philosophy

- Strive to be a leading Japanese corporation that realizes the highest levels of customer satisfaction and trust as a "comprehensive engineering & services company" that continually creates new value centered on the field of information and telecommunications.
- Contribute to the realization of an enriched and comfortable society by placing value on safety and quality and offering the highest level of services.
- Continue to be an enterprise that coexists and mutually prospers with people and society as a company that fulfils its corporate social responsibility and always respects human beings.

Origin of the Company Name

MIRAIT -- A comprehensive engineering & services company that continues growing with our customers while emitting a brightly shining light that illuminates the way ahead as we move toward the future filled with our aspirations.

Combining the words MIRAI, which means future in Japanese, and IT (information technology), this corporate name is a simple expression of this new resolve.

<Two keywords>

"MIRAIT" ••••••"Future" (in Japanese)
"MIRAIT" •••••"Information Technology"
/ "Integration Technology"

Three Ideas Imbued in the Logo

- 1. Expand the "breadth" of our business domains
- → Expansion from upstream to downstream processes (planning, design, construction, maintenance, operation, etc.)
- 2. Increase the "height" of our business domains
- → Total proposals incorporating NI + upper layer + lower layer
- 3. Work to expand into new business domains
- → Contribute to the creation of integrated social infrastructure for the future in the fields of electricity, environment and energy.



Statements and quotes relevant to the forecasted values in this handout are the future prospects based on the plans and prospects of the Company at this point in time.

The actual business results could be significantly different from those stated in this handout and briefing due to changes in conditions.

As such, please be advised that we will not be able to guarantee the accuracy of the forecasted values, in this handout and the session, over the period of time to come in the future.

MIRAIT Holdings Corporation