

Presentation Materials

January 2015



MIRAIT Holdings Corporation

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Precautionary Statement

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I. Profile of the MIRAIT Group

1. Message from the President

In Japan today, new growing markets have been created along with the social innovation which has been accelerated by promoting a growth strategy with the government and the private sector working together and by developing and utilizing ICT technology.

At the same time, Japan is now facing the task of rebuilding social infrastructure, including communication networks, due to reconstruction after the Great East Japan Earthquake, measures to address aging infrastructure, environmental and energy issues, as well as the 2020 Olympics in Tokyo.

In such a period of transition, as its name "MIRAI (Future) + IT" suggests, the MIRAIT Group will actively face the challenge of expanding its business domains to resolve new issues for a new era with customers based on the reliable technology it has established in its ICT/Civil Engineering Business.

MIRAIT would also like to maximize shareholder value by contributing to the society of tomorrow as a "Comprehensive Engineering and Services Company" that lives up to customers' expectations.

Origin of the Company Name

Combining the words MIRAI, which means future in Japanese, and IT (information technology), this corporate name is a simple expression of the resolve to become a comprehensive engineering & services company that continues growing with our customers.

<Two keywords>

"MIRAIT" "Future"

"MIRAIT" "Information Technology"

Logo

Three ideas are represented by the three thick lines. These are joined by a golden arc depicting high quality businesses spanning the globe to create an overall M image. It represents our aspiration to move into the future.



Three Ideas

- 1. Expand the "breadth" of our business domains
- → Expansion from upstream to downstream processes (planning & designing, construction, maintenance & operation, etc.)
- 2. Increase the "height" of our business domains
- → Total solutions incorporating NI + upper layer + lower layer
- 3. Work to expand into new business domains
- → Contribute to the creation of integrated social infrastructure for the future in the fields of electric power, the environment and energy



President and Chief Executive Officer

Masatoshi Suzuki

2. Overview of MIRAIT Holdings

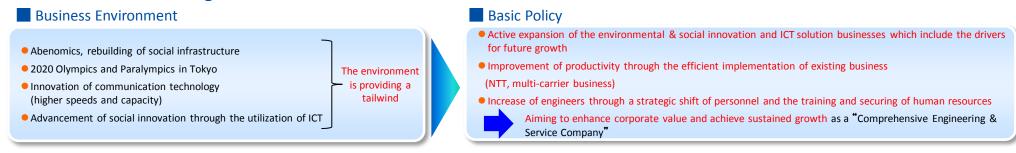
Established	October 1, 2010
Capital stock	7 bil. yen
President (CEO)	Masatoshi Suzuki
Shares	[Total outstanding shares] 85,381,866 shares
Listed securities exchanges	Tokyo Stock Exchange First Section (Code No.: 1417)
Ratings	Rating & Investment Information, Inc. (R&I) Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd. (JCR) A
Location	5-6-36 Toyosu, Koto-ku, Tokyo
Business locations	[Domestic] 25 locations *Total number of locations of MIRAIT and MIRAIT Technologies [Overseas] 6 locations (Singapore, Hong Kong, Sri Lanka, Australia, Philippines, Myanmar)
Number of consolidated subsidiaries (As of December 31, 2014)	35
Employees: (As of September 30, 2014)	[Consolidated] 7,538 (Mirait Holdings: 98) (Mirait : Consolidated 4,414, Non-consolidated 2,690) (Mirait Technologies: Consolidated 3,026, Non-consolidated 911)
Term-end	March 31, every year

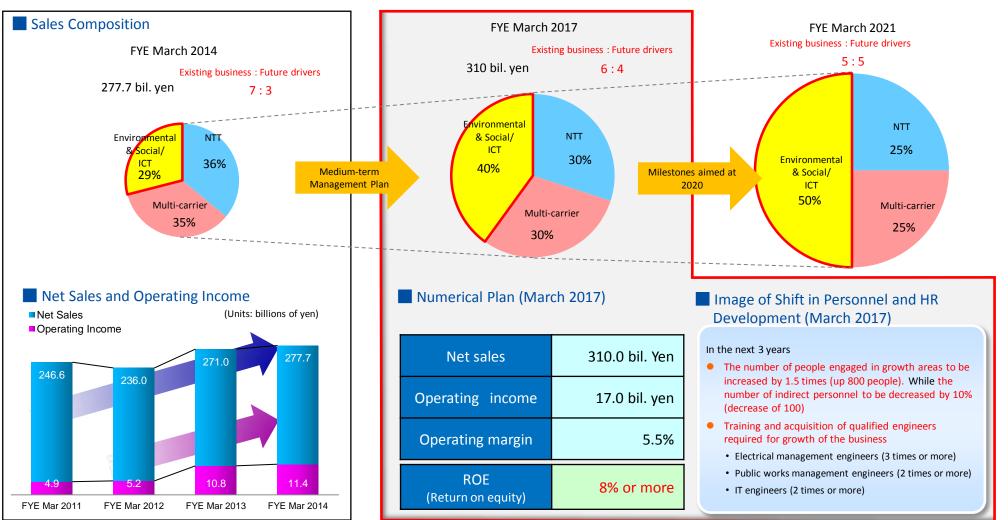


II. Medium-term Management Plan

(FY2014-2016)

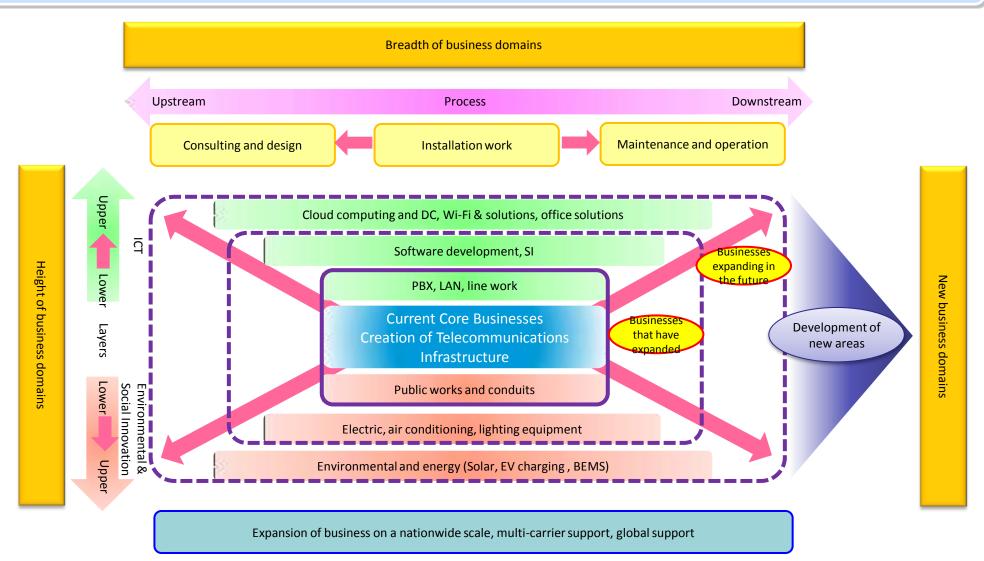
1. Medium-term Management Plan





2. Transformation into a "Comprehensive Engineering and Service Company" Matching Environmental Changes

- Expand the "breadth" of our business domains → Expansion from upstream to downstream processes (planning, design, construction, maintenance, operation, etc.)
- Increase the "height" of our business domains → Total proposals incorporating upper layer + lower layer
- Work to expand into new business domains
- → Contribute to the creation of social infrastructure for the future in the fields of Cloud computing and DC, Wi-Fi & solutions, the environment and energy
- Utilize the Group's comprehensive technology to contribute to "creation of social infrastructure and social innovation" as a "Comprehensive Engineering and Service Company"



3. Changes in the ICT Environment Looking Toward 2020

<Trends in the Establishment of Infrastructure>

- Telecommunications carriers' capital investment is decreasing recently, but due to innovation of ICT, expansion of Area, Speed, Quality and communication infrastructure will continue moving toward 2020 (Tokyo Olympics and Paralympics)
- Tailwind for the MIRAIT Group

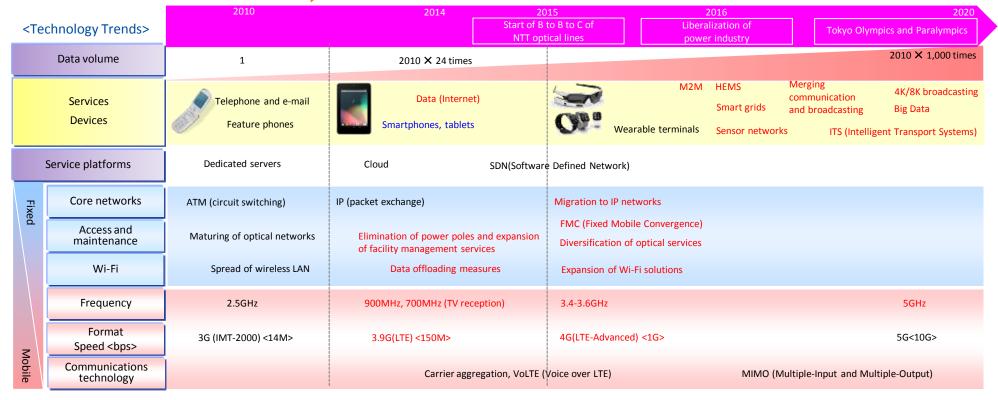
- Measures to resolve poor signal areas including indoors

density

Area Speed - Spread of optical lines, FMC - Increased speed of optical lines Expansion of LTE to settled areas - Increased speed through carrier aggregation Quality - Expansion of Wi-Fi to areas with high population density - Introduction of localized cells in areas with high population Central urban areas Urban areas

Regional cities

Suburbs





III. Performance and Financial Overview

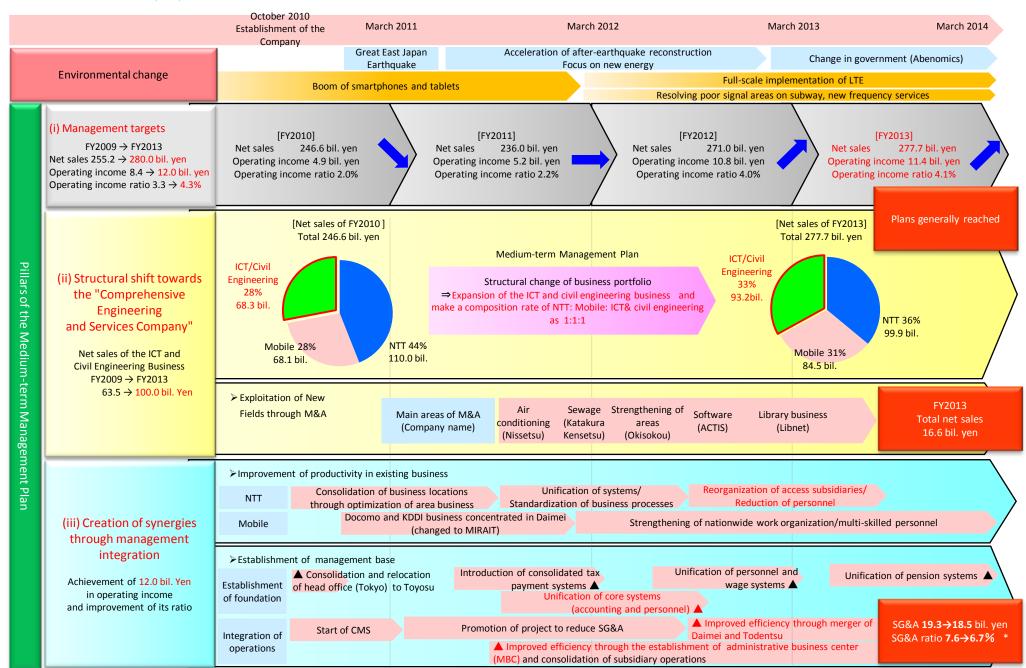
1. Performance and the Business Plan for the Year Ended March 2015

Uni	ts: billions of yen	FYE March 2011 (Note 1)	FYE March 2012	FYE March 2013	FYE March 2014	FYE March 2015 (Plan)	Key Points of the FYE March 2015 Business Plan
	Net sales	246.6	236.0	271.0	277.7	285.0	 In the year ending March 2015, a new measure of Medium-term Management Plan will be implemented, targeting increased revenue and earnings with sales of 285 bil. yen, operating income of 13 bil. yen.
	NTT	110.0	111.4	109.1	99.9	93.0	 In the NTT business, reforms of the business operation system are being implemented to enable the generation of profit even amid decreased sales
	Multi-carrier	68.1	60.3	81.3	(84.5) 98.4	93.0	 In the multi-carrier business, we are proceeding to handle large quantities of small projects, and improved productivity
	Environmental & Social (Note 2)	42.6	37.4	45.8	(52.9) 28.5	42.0	 In the environmental & social innovation business, we will significantly increase sales through the expansion of solar power work and EV charging equipment
	ICT (Note 2)	25.6	26.7	34.6	(40.2) 50.8	57.0	 In the ICT solutions business, sales will be increased through the receipt of large-scale orders for software and PBX
(G	Gross profit ross profit ratio)	24.3 (9.9%)	24.0 (10.2%)	29.3 (10.8%)	29.9 (10.8%)	32.3 (11.3%)	We are aiming to improve gross profit through efforts to improve the cost on sales
	SG&A (SG&A ratio)	19.3 (7.8%)	18.7 (8.0%)	18.4 (6.8%)	18.5 (6.7%)	19.3 (6.8%)	●SG&A ⇒ Through efforts to improve the effect of management integration and reduce indirect costs, we are promoting the reduction of general and administrative expenses
	perating income perating income ratio)	4. <mark>9</mark> (2.0%)	5. 2 (2.2%)	10.8 (4.0%)	11.4 (4.1%)	13.0 (4.6%)	⇒ Increasing due to an increase in selling expenses and expansion of business in Australia
	rdinary income rdinary income ratio)	5.7 (2.0%)	6.1 (2.6%)	11.7 (4.3%)	12.2 (4.4%)	13.6 (4.8%)	
Ext	raordinary profit and loss (Note 3)	26.6	-0.5	-4.4	-0.0	2.0	 Extraordinary profit and loss ⇒ With the review of the retirement system, the equities that were pension assets have been accumulated in surplus, and returning these to company assets is expected to there to extraordinary income
(N	Net income et income ratio) (Note 3)	30.6 (12.4%)	<mark>32</mark> (1.4%)	4.2 (1.5%)	7.1 (2.6%)	9. 2 (3.2%)	company assets is expected to there to extraordinary income

(Note 1)Accounting for business combinations (purchase method) associated with the establishment of the company was carried out during the year ended March 2011, and because a simple comparison is not possible, actual results are calculated by aggregating the actual business results of DAIMEI TELECOM ENGINEERING CORP., Commuture Corp. and TODENTSU Corporation.

(Note 2) The details on net sales before the year ended March 2013 and the figures in parentheses for sales of the year ended March 2014 indicate figures on former business category (Mobile, Civil Engineering, ICT). (Note 3) Extraordinary income and net income for the year ended March 2011 include the "negative goodwill" (26.8 bil. yen) arising from the integration of management.

Reference (The Company's Efforts Since Establishment)



2. Financial Overview for the Six Months Ended September 30, 2014

2. Financial Overview for the Six Month's Ended September 30, 2014					
Units: billions of yen	FYE March 2014 2Q actual results (Ratio)	FYE March 2015 2Q actual results (Ratio)	YoY Change (Percentage change)	FYE March 2014 Full-year Results (2Q progress rate)	FYE March 2015 Full-year Plan (2Q progress rate)
	(a)	(b)	(b)-(a)		
Orders received	137.9	148.1	+ 10.2 (+ 7.4%)	282.0 (48.9%)	290.0 (51.1%)
Neterles	119.7	123.1	+ 3.4	277.7	285.0
Net sales	(100%)	(100%)	(+ 2.8%)	(43.1%)	(43.2%)
NITT	44.2	42.0	- 1.4	99.9	93.0
NTT	44.2	42.8	(- 3.3%)	(44.3%)	(46.0%)
NAVIII aannian	42.2	45.0	+ 2.7	98.4	93.0
Multi-carrier	43.2	45.9	(+ 6.1%)	(44.0%)	(49.4%)
Environmental &	0.0	147	+ 4.9	28.5	42.0
social innovation	9.8	14.7	(+ 50.7%)	(34.4%)	(35.2%)
ICT solutions	22.4	19.6	- 2.8	50.8	57.0
ici solutions	22.4	19.0	(- 12.4%)	(44.2%)	(34.5%)
Gross profit	12.0	15.4	+ 3.4	29.9	32.3
Gross pront	(10.1%)	(12.5%)	(+ 27.8%)	(40.3%)	(47.7%)
SG&A	9.2	9.4	+ 0.2	18.5	19.3
JUKA	(7.8%)	(7.7%)	(+ 2.0%)	(50.2%)	(49.1%)
Operating income	2.7	5.9	+ 3.2	11.4	13.0
Operating income	(2.3%)	(4.8%)	(+ 114.2%)	(24.2%)	(45.7%)
Ordinary income	3.1	6.2	+ 3.1	12.2	13.6
Ordinary medine	(2.6%)	(5.1%)	(+ 100.7%)	(25.4%)	(46.0%)
Net income	1.7	3.9	+ 2.2	7.1	9.2
Net meone	(1.5%)	(3.2%)	(+ 125.6%)	(24.3%)	(42.8%)
Construction account carried forward	87.6	98.7	+ 11.1		

Key Points

Orders received

⇒ Increased significantly (up 10.2 bil. yen YoY) to 148.1 bil. yen due to expansion of the multi-carrier business and the environmental & social innovation business

Net sales

⇒ Increased slightly (up 3.4 bil. yen YoY) to 123.1 bil. yen due to decreases in the NTT business and the ICT solution business despite the expansion of the multi-carrier business and environmental & social innovation business

Gross profit

⇒ Increased significantly (up 3.4 bil. yen YoY) to 15.4 bil. yen due to the profit ratio improving from 10.1% to 12.5%

Operating income

- ⇒Increased 2.1 times YoY, up 3.2 bil. yen to 5.9 bil. yen
- ⇒2Q Progress rate has been steady at 45.7%

Net income

- ⇒ Increased 2.3 times YoY, up 2.2 bil. yen to 3.9 bil. yen, due to extraordinary income (0.5 bil. yen) associated with the revision of the retirement system
- Construction account carried forward
- ⇒ A high level at 98.7 bil. yen, up 11.1 bil. yen YoY

2

3. Details of Net Sales [YoY Change]

Net sales

20 results

- There was a decrease in large-scale projects and everyday work in the NTT business
- LTE work and WiMAX work is performing well in the multi-carrier business
- The environmental & social innovation business grew due to the expansion of electrical and air conditioning work

(Units: bil. yen)

20 results

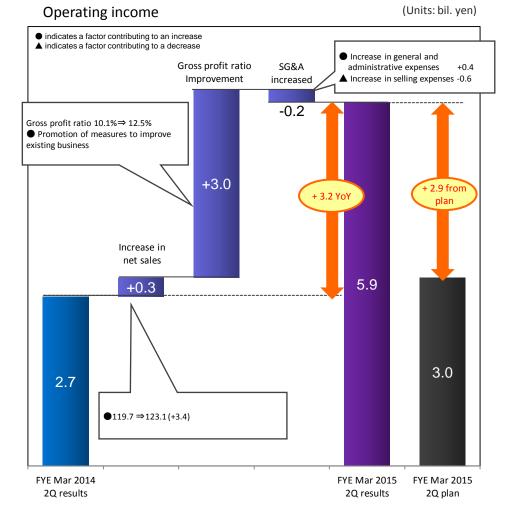
2Q plan

 Sales of mobile-related communication equipment decreased in the ICT solutions business

indicates a factor contributing to an increase 22.4 ⇒ 19.6 ▲ indicates a factor contributing to a decrease Environmental ▲ Decrease in sales of & social ICT communication equipment 9.8 ⇒ 14.7 Expansion of electrical and air conditioning work -2.8 +4.9 44.2 ⇒ 42.8 ▲ Decrease in large-scale projects Multicarrier + 3.4 YoY NTT 123.1 43.2 ⇒ 45.9 120.0 119.7 Expansion of LTE work Expansion of global business FYE Mar 2014 FYE Mar 2015 FYE Mar 2015

4. Details of Operating Income [YoY Change]

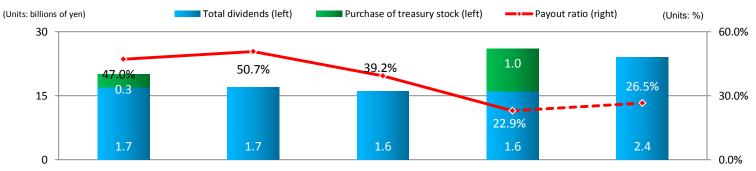
- Earnings increased by 0.3 bil. yen YoY due to increased sales
- The gross profit ratio improved as a result of the promotion of measures to improve existing business, which was a factor leading to earnings increasing by 3 bil. yen YoY
- Although general and administrative expenses were reduced, SG&A expenses were affected by the increase in M&A and selling expenses, contributing to a 0.2 bil. yen decrease in earnings



5. Shareholder Returns

- Our basic dividend policy is to pay steadily and consistently in consideration of our business performance and the dividend payout ratio
- FYE March 2015, dividends will be increased as a result of general consideration of factors such as the business performance forecast and payout ratio, with the interim dividend being increased by 5 yen to 15 yen and the year-end dividend being increased by 5 yen to 15 yen. As a result, the annual dividend is scheduled to be 30 yen
- The increased dividend is expected to result in the payout ratio increasing from the previous year 22.9% to the current fiscal year 26.5%

Shareholder Returns



		FYE March 2011 (Note)	FYE March 2012	FYE March 2013	FYE March 2014	FYE March 2015 (Plan)
Total divid	lends	1.7 bil. yen	1.7 bil. yen	1.6 bil. yen	1.6 bil. yen	2.4 bil. yen
Net inco	me	3.7 bil. yen	3.2 bil. yen	4.2 bil. yen	7.1 bil. yen	9.2 bil. yen
	Interim	10 yen	10 yen	10 yen	10 yen	15 yen
Annual dividends per share	Year- end	10 yen	10 yen	10 yen	10 yen	15 yen
F	Total	20 yen	20 yen	20 yen	20 yen	30 yen
Purchase treasury s		0.3 bil. yen	1	1	1.0 bil. yen	_
Consolida payout ra		47.0%	50.7%	39.2%	22.9%	26.5%
Consolida overall ret		54.7%	50.7%	39.2%	36.7%	26.5%
ROE		3.8%	3.3%	4.1%	6.7%	8.0%

(Notes) - Because the company was established in October 2010, the annual dividend payment per share for the year ended March 2011 is stated as being 20 yen made up of the 10 yen year-end dividend and the 10 yen interim dividend of Daimei.

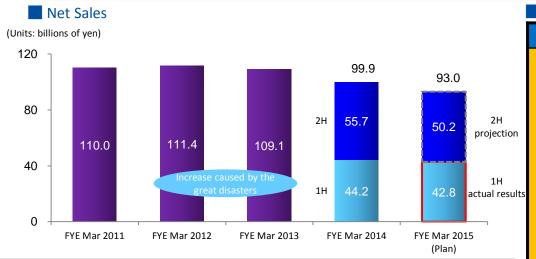
- Accounting for business combinations (purchase method) associated with the establishment of the company was carried out during the year ended March 2011, and because a simple comparison is not possible, the consolidated payout ratio, consolidated overall returns and ROE are calculated by excluding the impact of negative goodwill arising from management integration from the simple aggregate of the three merged companies (26.8 bil. yen).

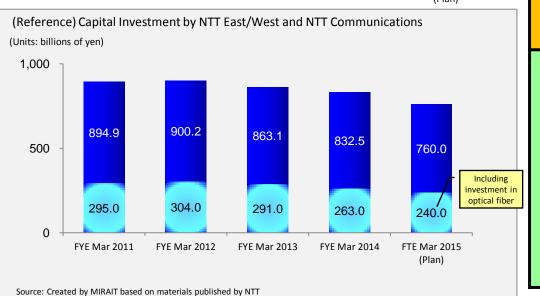


IV. Specific Measures in Each Business

1. Efforts in the NTT Business

- Due to the maturing of the fixed broadband market, capital investment by NTT East/West is decreasing, and there has been a decline in large-scale projects and everyday work
- We are reforming our business operation structure and building an organization able to create profit even when faced with shrinking revenue
- We will make an effort to further improve efficiency such as the integration of construction offices

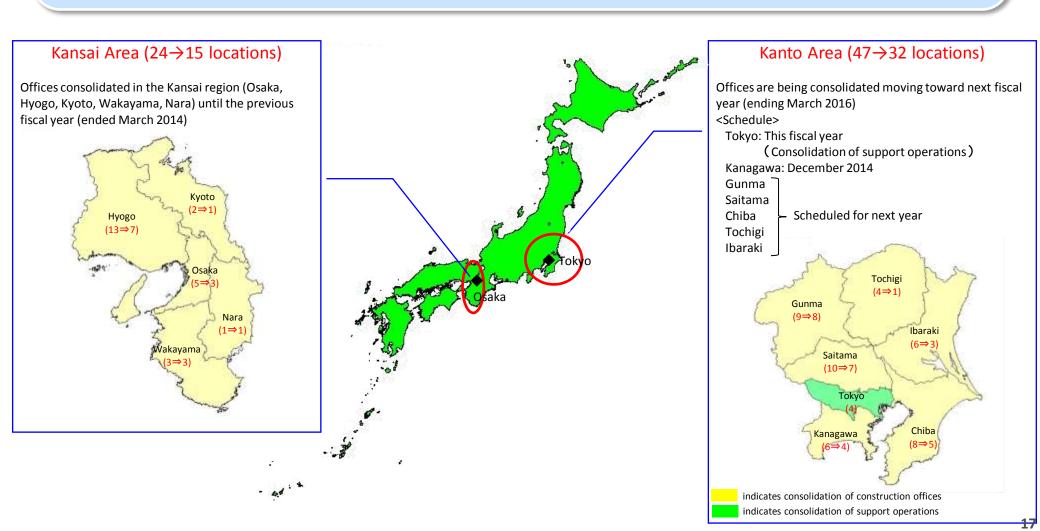




Efforts in FYE Mar 2015

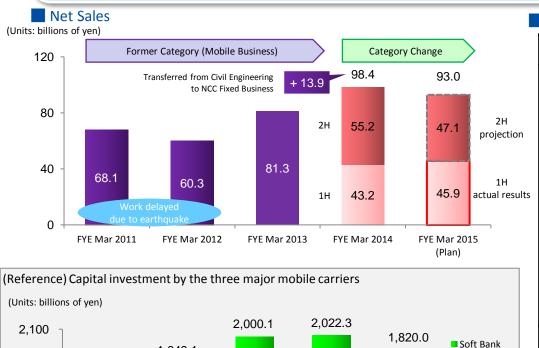
		Content			
		Optical work, etc.	 Promoting the assimilation of stagnant projects Efforts aimed at optical work for wholesaling of fiber service by NTT 		
n	Increased sales	Facility management services	 Orders received increased not only repairing faults, but for the entire area including facility maintenance The establishment of a framework including orders for the entire area 		
ults		Strengthening of sales	• Efforts to expand work across a wide area ⇒ Expansion of orders received in the Shikoku and Tohoku areas (0.7 bil. yen)		
		Tohoku reconstruction	Scheduled to be increased from next fiscal year, strengthening efforts aimed at acquiring orders received		
	Improvement of efficiency	Personnel shift	 Improvement of profit by promoting a shift to other divisions ⇒ The shift in personnel and non-replenishment of retirements, personnel was reduced by 50 in the first half (a reduction of 80 personnel is planned for the entire year) 		
		Consolidation of offices	Improvement of efficiency through consolidation of offices in each region ⇒Scheduled for next year		
1 		Centralization of support operations	 Operations such as design, construction and checking processes and construction fees will be concentrated for the Tokyo area Cost reduction through the promotion of business consignment 		
		Core company operating structure	Reorganization of subsidiaries last year (12→8 companies) ⇒ Reduction of costs by improving efficiency and standardizing operations		
			10		

- Reference(Promotion of productivity improvement measures in NTT business)
 - Improvement of efficiency through consolidation of offices in each region
 - ⇒ Reduction of direct operation and construction vehicles by consolidating construction crews
 - ⇒ Reduction of indirect operation through the consolidation of administrative works
 - ⇒ Reduction of rent by moving from rented buildings to owned buildings
 - Combined with the offices already consolidated in the Kansai region, the number is expected to be reduced by 30-40% (71→47 locations)
 - Consolidation of support operations (design, order creation, photo inspection, etc.)
 - ⇒ Scheduled to be consolidated in the Tokyo area this fiscal year. Other areas will be considered in the future.



2. Efforts in the Multi-carrier Business

- Capital investment by mobile carriers is slowing, but with the increase in traffic caused by the spread of smartphones, LTE work and NW work are increasing
- As large numbers of small-scale projects increase, profits have increased through measures aimed at improving productivity (use of IT tools, internalization, integration of contractors and subsidiaries)
- Business targeting overseas carriers will also be expanded (Australian subsidiary to be included in the scope of consolidation from Q2)



1,649.1 1,517.7 KDDI 747.4 779.4 550.0 ■ NTT Docomo 1,400 500.7 407.4 571.8 467.0 580.0 421.6 441.8 700 Docomo's 703.1 690.0 753.7 nvestment in 726.8 668.5 LTE 418.0 387.8 218.9 26.0 92.3 0 FYE Mar 2011 FYE Mar 2015 FYE Mar 2012 FYE Mar 2013 FYE Mar 2014

Efforts in FYE Mar 2015

Content			
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Source: Created by MIRAIT based on materials published by (Notes) 1. The amount of capital investment including fixed communications is shown for KDDI and SoftBank.

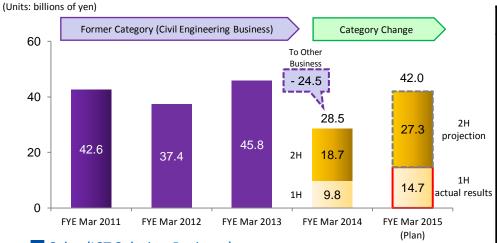
each company 2. The actual amount of capital investment by SoftBank excludes Sprint and SoftBank Telecom's corporate mobile rental terminals

(Plan)

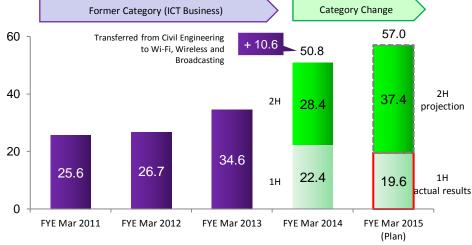
3. Efforts in the Environmental & Social Innovation and ICT Solution Business

- In addition to the expansion of existing electrical and air conditioning work in the Environmental & Social Innovation Business, we are expanding solar power work, EV charging station work and social infrastructure work
- Although there was a decline in sales of mobile-related communication equipment, we are working to increase sales in the ICT solutions business through the completion of software and PBX work.

Net sales (Environmental & Social Innovation Business)



■ Sales (ICT Solution Business)

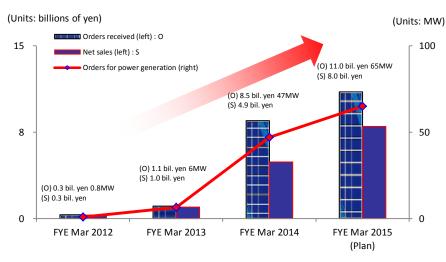


Efforts in FYE Mar 2015

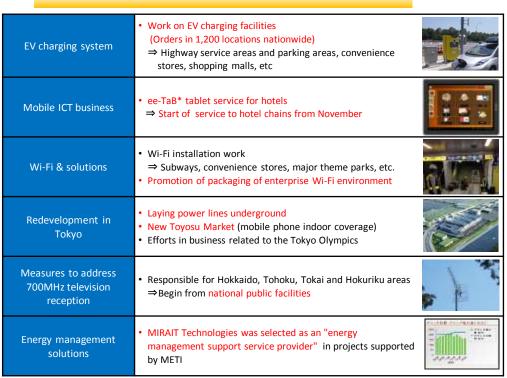
	Business segment		Content
		Solar	 Strengthening of cooperation with major new electric power companies ⇒ Sales increased to 8.0 bil. yen this year
s	Environmental & social	Environment al and energy	 Work on EV charging facilities BEMS work (drug store chain) Bulk electrical work for condominiums (newly in 11 buildings)
	innovation	Social infrastructure Public works	 Work on aging infrastructure ⇒ Highways (ETC renewal, Metropolitan Expressway lighting work) ⇒ Water and sewage work (Tokyo), etc. Public works ⇒ Shonan Bypass communication work, etc. ⇒ Repair work on Ministry of Defense and US military communication infrastructure
		Networks and servers	 Large-scale data center facility work, operation and maintenance Network and server renewal (universities, local governments, etc.) Expansion of agency sales of new security-related products ⇒Clavister (Sweden/ network security) ⇒ Surveon (Taiwan/ surveillance cameras)
	ICT solutions	РВХ	 Large-scale PBX renewal work ⇒ 7 locations of the University of Tokyo (Hongo Campus, etc.) ⇒ Major banks, securities, hospitals, retail
S		Software	 National Health Insurance and medical system (Sapporo City) Expansion of business from maintenance and operation ⇒ Undertaking development of corporate wage systems

Reference (Efforts in New Businesses)

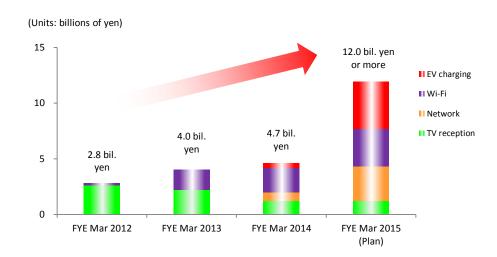
Orders Received and Power Generated in Solar Power Work



Efforts in New Businesses



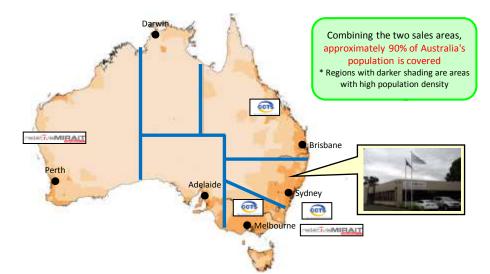
Expansion of Nationwide Installation Work (Net Sales)



Expansion of Business in Australia

Management integration, in Australia, of a group company (Relative MIRAIT) and affiliated company (CCTS) in July. MIRAIT Technologies Australia is expanding business by participating in the Australian national broadband network (NBN) Project as a Tier 1 company

⇒Consolidated from second quarter (net sales projected to be approx. 3.6 bil. yen this fiscal year)



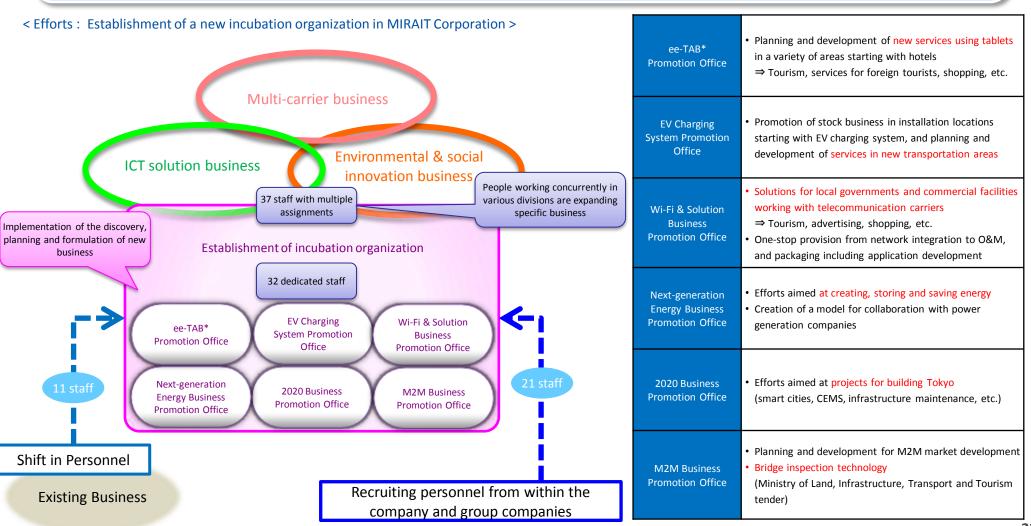
4. Structural Reforms and Efforts to Reduce Administrative Costs

- Maximizing the effects of business reorganization enables the strategic shift of personnel and injection of personnel into growth areas
- Promotion of cost-reduction measures through reduction project of administrative expenses
- Acceleration of shift of personnel to other businesses and reforms of the business operation structure in the NTT Business

	FYE March 2014	FYE March 2015
Promotion of shift of Personnel (See P23)	Promotion of the shift of personnel through the merger of Daimei and Todentsu ⇒ Reduction of personnel by approx. 185 through more efficient operations (Reduction of approx. 7% of MIRAIT personnel) ⇒ Shift of approx. 300 personnel to growth areas (over10% of MIRAIT personnel) 0.7 bil. yen	 Promotion of shift of personnel to growth areas ⇒Establishment of organization for promoting new business Reduction of personnel in administrative staff (1,300) by 5%
Promotion of measures to reduce administrative expenses	Reduction through integration of internal systems (accounting, personnel, ordering, materials, etc.) Improved efficiency through the concentration of internal administrative operations (MBC) Reduction of rent for headquarters building through consolidation and relocation 0.7 bil. yen	 Consolidation and standardization of subsidiary operations through MBC Promotion of the reduction of costs through consulting activities, etc. ⇒Communication costs, copying costs, printing expenses, etc. 0.4 bil. yen
Implementation of measures to improve productivity in the NTT business (See P17)	 Reorganization of access subsidiaries (12→8) Approximately 70 personnel transferred by implementing measures to improve efficiency of operations Review of allocation of business between operating companies (elimination of organizations) ⇒MIRAIT [Saitama, Gunma], MIRAIT Technologies [Chiba] 0.5 bil. yen 	 Promotion of shift of personnel to growth areas (Approximately 80 scheduled for this fiscal year) Reduction of indirect operations and promotion of efficiency through consolidation of offices in each area Concentration in support center and promotion of business consignment 0.9 bil. yen
Visualization of cost management and promotion of BPR (See P24)	Strengthening of cost analysis by item using unified core system (MINCS) Computerization of intra-group transactions	 Promotion of BPR through the utilization of work management tools ⇒ Promotion of visualization of work management in construction divisions Promotion of cost management (Visualization of revenue and expenditure of work)
Total improvement	Actual: 1.9 bil. yen	Plan: 1.3 bil. yen or more

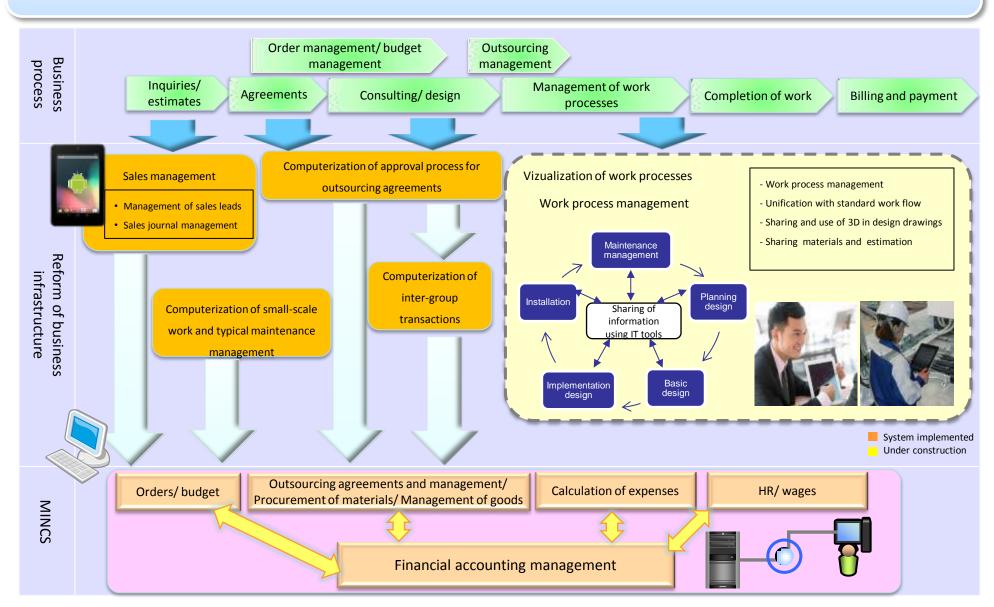
Reference (Promotion of shift of personnel)

- Establishment of an organization aimed at the promotion of new business and the utilization of personnel (July)
 - ⇒ (MIRAIT) Reorganization of headquarters and establishment of incubation organization
 - ⇒ (MIRAIT Technologies) Establishment of Hyper Technoport Center (Enhancement of technical capabilities and strengthening of skill conversion)
- Promotion of the shift of personnel to growth areas (approx. 300 during the first half)



Reference: Visualization of Cost Management and Promotion of BPR of Operations

- Centralized management of financial accounting using an integrated financial accounting system (MINCS:MIrait the NuCleus business system for produce Synergy)
- At present, we are implementing reforms of our business infrastructure with the aim of "improving cost management" and "optimizing sales and work processes"





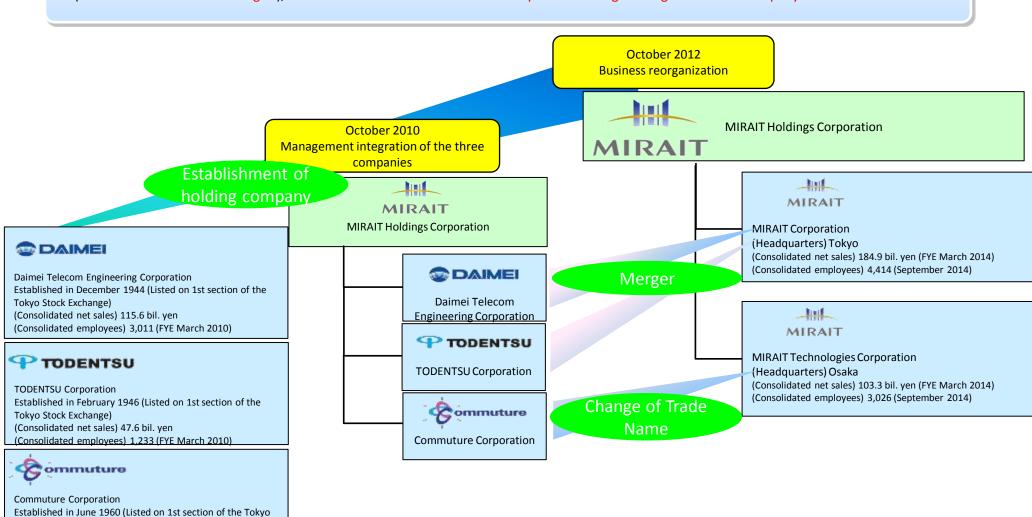
V. Reference Materials

3. Formation of the MIRAIT Group

Stock Exchange and Osaka Stock Exchange) (Consolidated net sales) 91.9 bil. yen

(Consolidated employees) 2,702 (FYE March 2010)

- In October 2010, a management integration was carried out by Daimei, Commuture and TODENTSU, which had conducted business creating communication infrastructure for over half a century as partners of telecommunications carriers. They established MIRAIT Holdings Corporation.
- On October 1, 2010, a transition was made from an organization based on three operating companies to one based on two operating companies (MIRAIT and MIRAIT Technologies), and the structure was shifted to a "Comprehensive Engineering and Service Company".



1. Company Overview

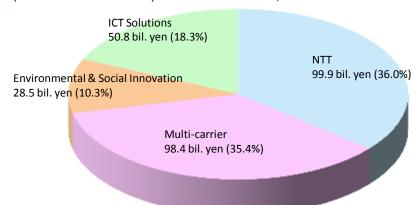
(1) Business Composition

• The Group conducts business in a wide range of areas including ICT, the environment and energy, based on the creation of communication infrastructure (fixed communication and mobile communication) that is its main business.

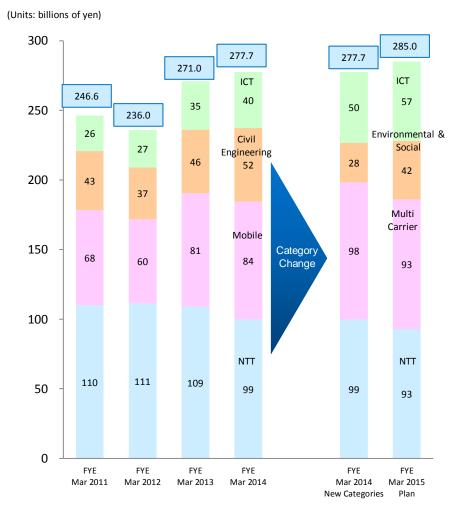
Business content

Business category			
(1) NTT Business	■ Construction, maintenance and operation of fixed communication facilities for the NTT Group		
(2) Multi-carrier Business	■ Construction, maintenance and operation of mobile communication facilities ■ NCC fixed communication equipment, CATV work, Global etc.		
(3) Environmental & Social Innovation Business	 Environment and new energy Creation of social infrastructure Construction, maintenance and operation of electrical and air conditioning facilities of general companies, etc. 		
(4) ICT Solution Business	 ■ Cloud computing, office solutions, Wi-Fi, software, etc. ■ Construction, maintenance and operation of telecommunication systems of general companies, etc. 		

Composition of sales in the year ended March 31, 2014



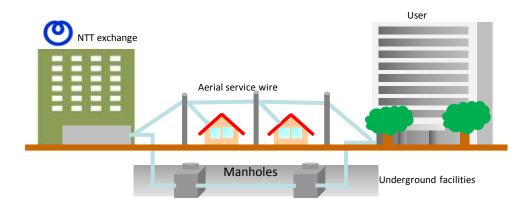
Net sales by business



(2) Business Overview

(1) NTT Business

- Construction, maintenance and operation of fixed communication facilities of the NTT Group. Centered on the Greater Tokyo and Kansai regions.
- The Company's core business, accounts for 36.0% of net sales.





Pole renewal



Setting up optical fiber

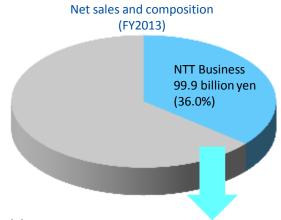
Work to lay underground conduits



Laying optical fiber



Upgrading switch programs



<Breakdown>

Home and outdoor work

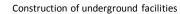
Large scale outdoor work (Pole renewal, Other)

Public engineering works

(manholes, conduit facilities, public utility facilities)

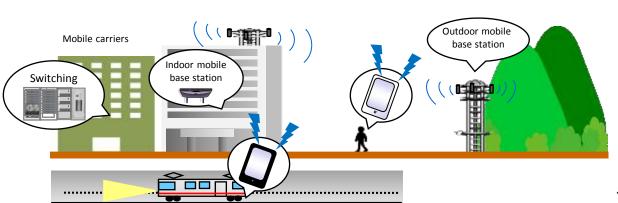
Network line work

Facility management services (repairs, cable maintenance)



(2) Multi-carrier Business

- Nationwide works on construction, maintenance and operation of communications facilities of all mobile carriers such as NTT DoCoMo, KDDI, Softbank, etc.
- Fixed communication equipment for NCCs, CATV work, global business
- This accounts for 35.4% of net sales.



Net sales and composition (FY2013) Multi-carrier business 98.4 billion yen (35.4%)<Breakdown>

Construction of outdoor base stations (LTE, 3G, etc.)

(fixed facilities of telecommunications carriers, etc.)

Construction of indoor base station (inside buildings, subways, etc.)



wireless base stations





Carrier networks



Global

Carrier networking

(work on facilities of overseas telecommunications carriers)

Global

(3) Environmental & Social Innovation and ICT Solution Business

The growing business which serves as an engine to become a "Comprehensive Engineering and Services Company".

- Environmental & Social Innovation: Offers the comprehensive solutions to create environmental / social infrastructure. This accounts for 10.3% of net sales.
- ICT Solution: Supports our clients to create the ICT infrastructure. This accounts for 18.3% of net sales.

Environmental & Social Innovation Business



Solar power work



Laying power lines underground



EV charging



Repairing lighting equipment of highways

<Breakdown>

Environment and energy (solar power, EV charging, etc.)

Electrical and air conditioning (building electrical facilities, air conditioning, sanitation, etc.)

Social infrastructure (public engineering works, communication engineering works, public sewer works, etc.)

Net sales and composition (FY2013)

ICT Solution Business 50.8 billion yen (18.3%)

Environmental & Social Innovation Business 28.5 billion yen (10.3%)

ICT Solution Business



Setting up Wi-Fi environments



ee-TaB*



Data center maintenance



Creating LAN-WAN

<Breakdown>

Cloud computing, office solutions, Wi-Fi & solutions

IP networking and communications (Creation of LAN, WAN, wireless LAN)

Software development

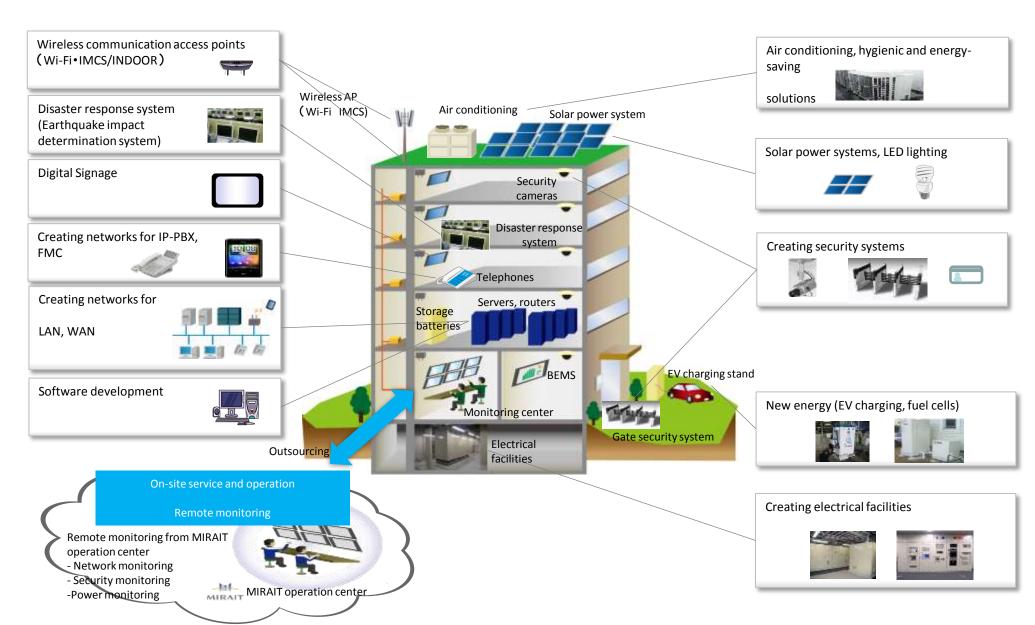
(System design, application development, etc.)

Operation and maintenance

(On-site maintenance services, remote monitoring services, etc.)

Voice systems (Installation of PBX / IP-PBX systems, etc.)

■ Building Management and Solutions Offered by the MIRAIT Group



(3) Executive Officers

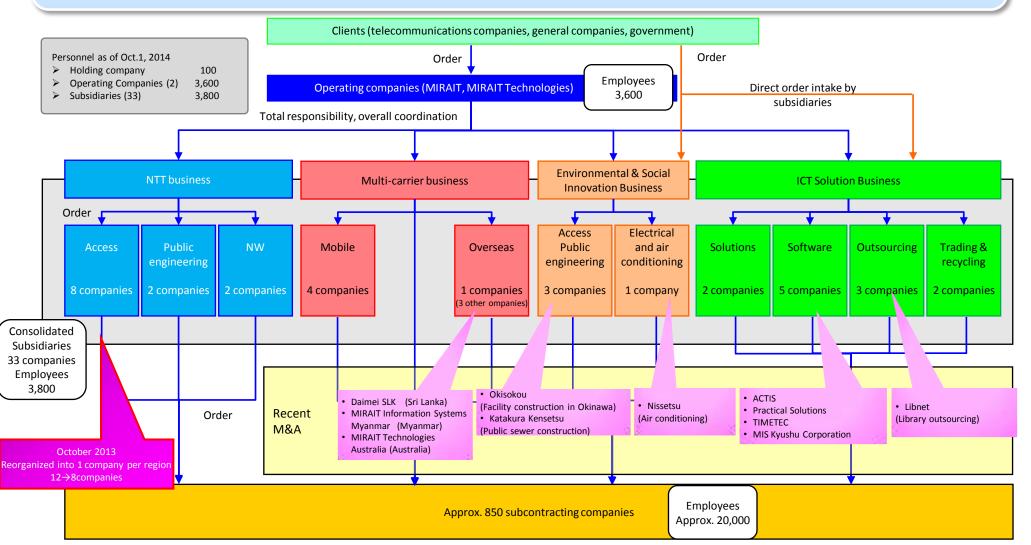
Position	Name	Outside Officer	Bio
Chairman, Director	Goro Yagihashi		Senior Executive Vice President, Nippon Telegraph and Telephone East Corporation
President and CEO	Masatoshi Suzuki		Senior Executive Vice President, NTT DOCOMO, Inc.
Senior Executive Vice President	Fumio Takaesu		President, NTT NEOMEIT Corporation
Senior Executive Vice President	Kouichi Takahatake		Senior Executive Vice President, Nippon Telegraph and Telephone West Corporation
Director	Tatsuhisa Yoshimura		Senior Executive Vice President, NTT-ME Corporation
Director	Yoshimasa Tokui		Director, NTT Communications Corporation
Director and CFO	Manabu Kiriyama		General Manager of Accounts and Finance Department, Nippon Telegraph and Telephone East Corporation
Director	Masashi Sogo		Senior Vice President, NTT DATA Corporation
Director	Hiroshi Kogure		General Manager of the Fukushima Branch, Nippon Telegraph and Telephone East Corporation
Director	Masaharu Kimura	0	Managing Executive Officer, IBM Japan, Ltd.
Director	Eiji Ebinuma	0	Attorney at Law (Present)
Standing Corporate Auditor	Yoshinobu Tanaka		General Manager of NTT Sales Division, Canon Marketing Japan Inc.
Standing Corporate Auditor	Masao Matsuo	0	Director, NTT Advertising, Inc.
Corporate Auditor	Yusuke Kodama		Director, MIRAIT Technologies Corporation
Corporate Auditor	Hiroshi Daikuya	0	Certified Public Accountant (Present)

(4) Overview of Major Subsidiaries

	MIRAIT Corporation	MIRAIT Technologies Corporation
Capital stock	5.6 billion yen	3.8 billion yen
President (CEO)	Masatoshi Suzuki	Fumio Takaesu
Main Businesses	Communication engineering business, etc.	Communication engineering business, etc.
Consolidated Business Performance (FY2013)	[Net sales] 184.9 billion yen [Operating income] 9.0 billion yen	[Net sales] 103.3 billion yen [Operating income] 2.0 billion yen
Headquarters	5-6-36 Toyosu, Koto-ku, Tokyo	3-3-15 Edobori, Nishi-ku, Osaka-shi, Osaka
Business locations	15	10
Consolidated Subsidiaries (As of December 31, 2014)	17	16
Employees: (As of September 30, 2014)	[Consolidated] 4,414 [Non-consolidated] 2,690	[Consolidated] 3,026 [Non-consolidated] 911

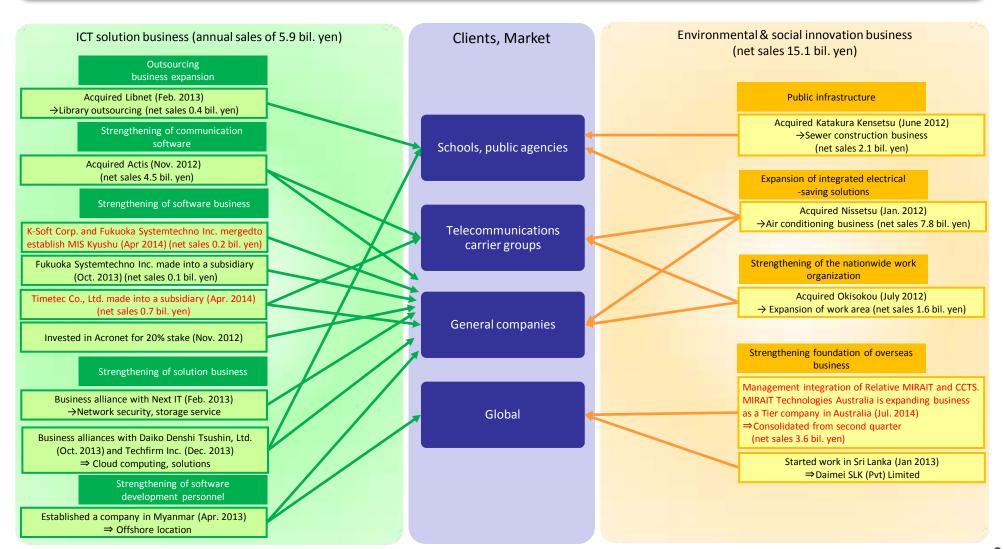
(5) Group Formation

- In NTT and (Mobile), MIRAIT and MIRAIT Technologies bear total responsibility including designing, quantity survey, operational management, while subsidiaries and subcontracting companies undertake the construction works.
- MIRAIT group is building a nationwide work organization with 20,000 people in 850 subcontracting companies.
- In Environmental & Social Innovation and ICT Solution Business, the group deploys various programs (solution, software, outsourcing, trading company). Further expansion of business areas through active M&A.



(6) Expansion of Business Fields through the Use of M&A, etc.

- In the ICT solution business, we intend to exploit new business fields mainly in the upper layer (software, cloud computing, etc.)
- In the environmental & social innovation business, we will expand our business domain mainly in areas around existing business



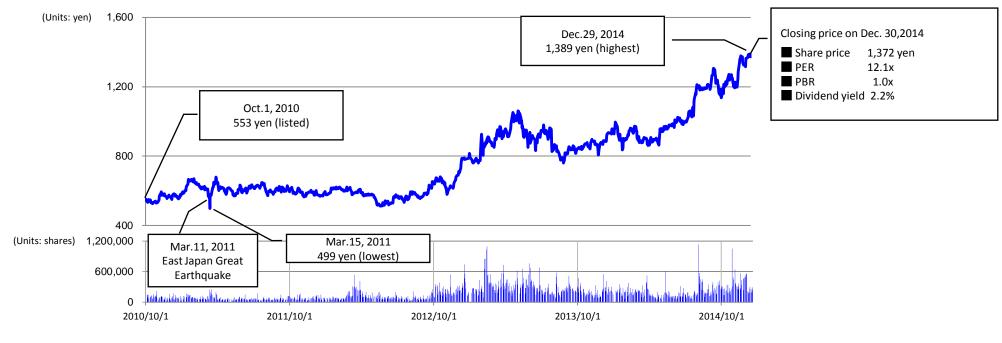
(7) Share Information

(1) Major Shareholders (As of Sep. 30, 2014)

Shareholder	Number of Shares Held (thousands)	Shareholding Ratio (%)	Shareholder Composition
Sumitomo Electric Industries, Ltd.	16,236	19.0%	
The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account)	4,869	5.7%	Treasury stock 3.5% Individuals 21.3% institutions 25.8%
MIRAIT Holdings Co., Ltd (Treasury Stocks)	4,046	4.7%	
Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust Account)	2,999	3.5%	
Sumitomo Densetsu Co., Ltd.	2,488	2.9%	
BBH For Fidelity Low-priced Stock Fund (Principal All Sector Subportfolio)	1,984	2.3%	Foreign Japanese corporations 29.8%
State Street Bank and Trust Company	1,415	1.7%	19.6%
MIRAIT Holdings Employees's Stock Option Plan	1,409	1.7%	
Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	1,229	1.4%	
Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust Account 9)	1,085	1.3%	
Shares	85,381		

(2) Share Price (Since establishment of MIRAIT Holdings on October 1, 2010)

■ Share price and trading volume (Closing price)



Performance of MIRAIT compared to major indices



2. Changes in the Business Environment and Business Opportunities

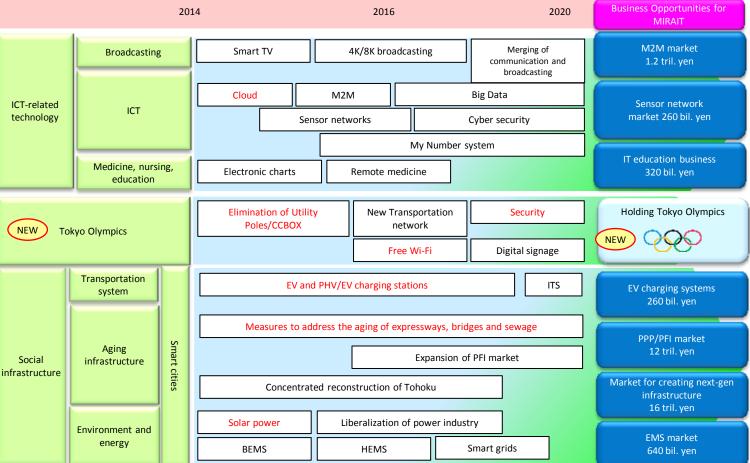
Japan's Structural Problems

- >Overcome from low growth and deflation
- ➤ Aging infrastructure and large-scale disasters
- >Environment and energy issues
- ➤ Fiscal deficit
- >Low birthrate and aging population, decreasing population, regional depopulation
- ➤Tohoku reconstruction

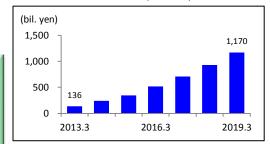
Japanese Government Policy

- ➤ Three arrows of Abenomics→Nominal growth rate of +3% for 10 years
- Deregulation and promotion of direct investment in Japan (Doubled to 35 tril. by 2020)
 - → Strategic zones, Lower corporate tax, TPP, PFI (4 tril. →12 tril. over 10 years)
- "Visit Japan" Tourism Strategy expand through the Tokyo Olympics
- ➤ Basic Act to Strengthen Japan (Dec 2013) → 15 tril. invested over 3 years
- > Renewable energy feed-in tariff system (Jul 2012), Liberalization of power industry (2016~)
- \triangleright Increase in consumption tax 5%→8%(Apr 2014)→10% (Apr 2017)
- Extension of retirement (~65), improve medical, welfare and childcare support
- ➤ Reconstruction of Tohoku → Concentration of 13 tril. over 5 years (23 tril. over 10 years)

Changes in the Social Environment

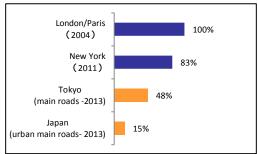


Forecast for the M2M market (domestic)



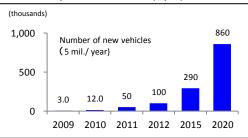
Source: Created by MIRAIT based on materials published by Nomura

Elimination of Poles in Japan and Overseas



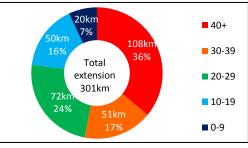
Source: Created by MIRAIT based on materials published by Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism

Outlook for Spread of EV and PHV (Japan)

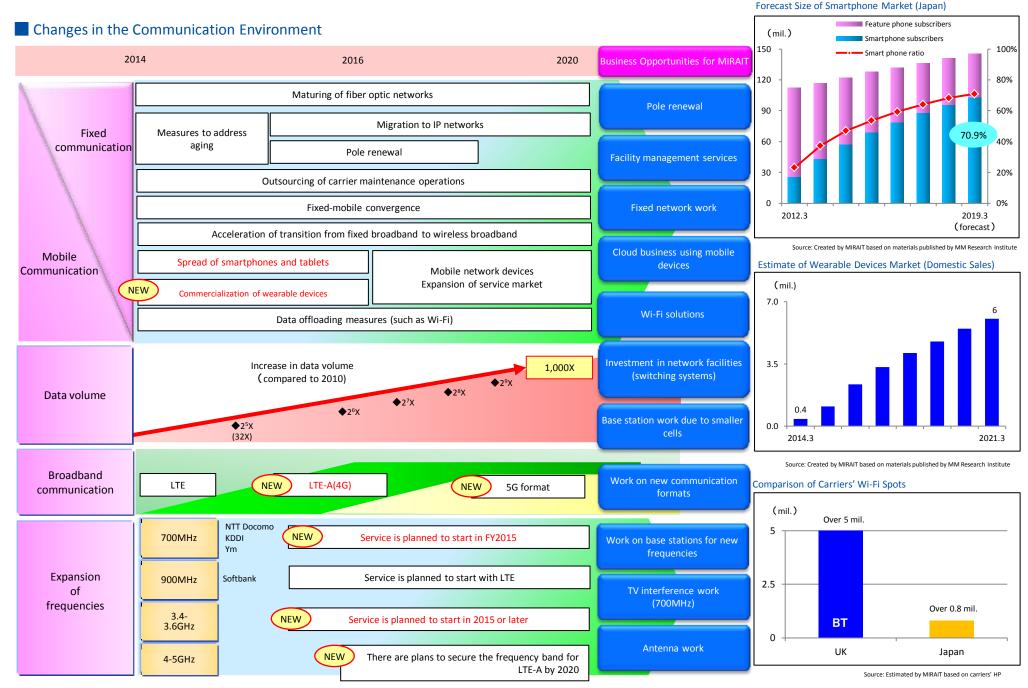


Source: Created by MIRAIT based on materials published by Ministry of the Environment

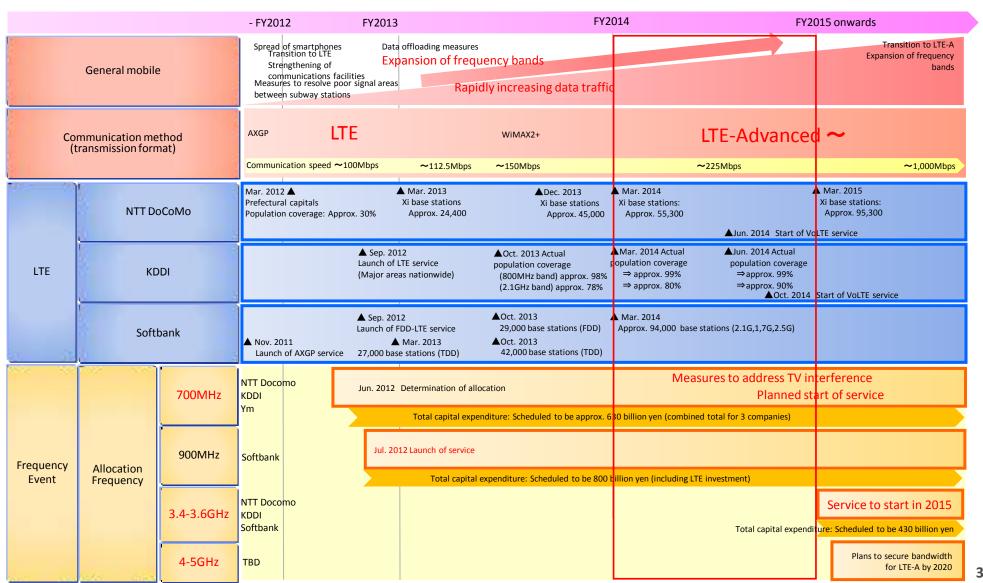
Age of Metropolitan Expressway Roads (April 2011)



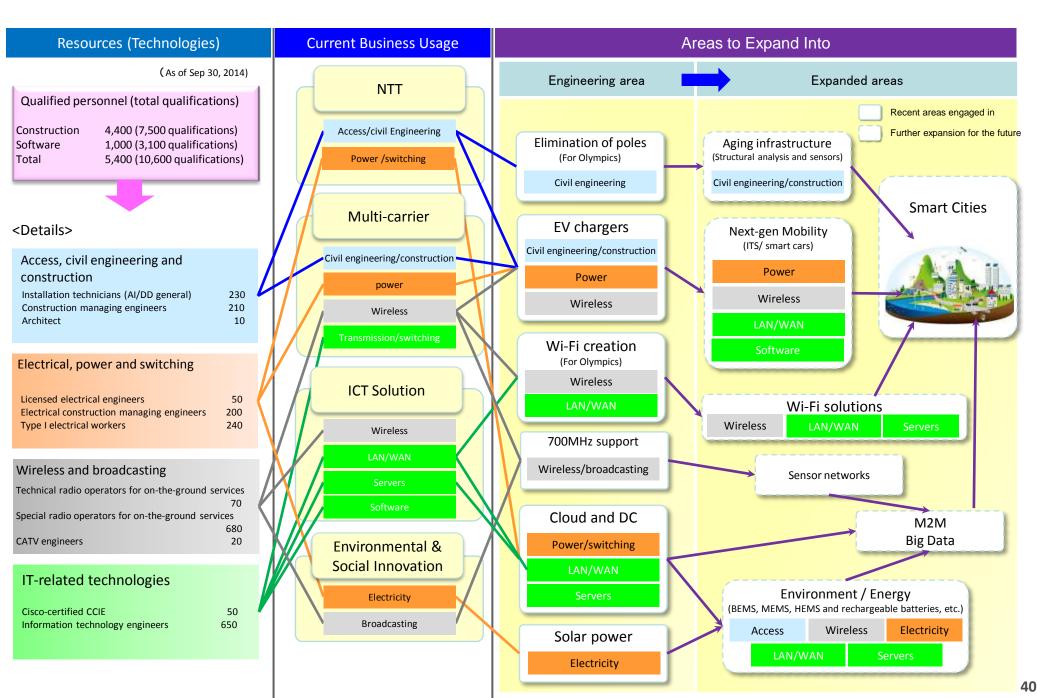
Source: Created by MIRAIT based on materials published by Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism



- Since FY2012, mobile carriers have been accelerating LTE services. Mobile phone services using new frequency bands have also been started
- From FY2014, service is scheduled to begin providing using new frequency bands and higher speeds using carrier aggregation technology that is an LTE-Advanced technology



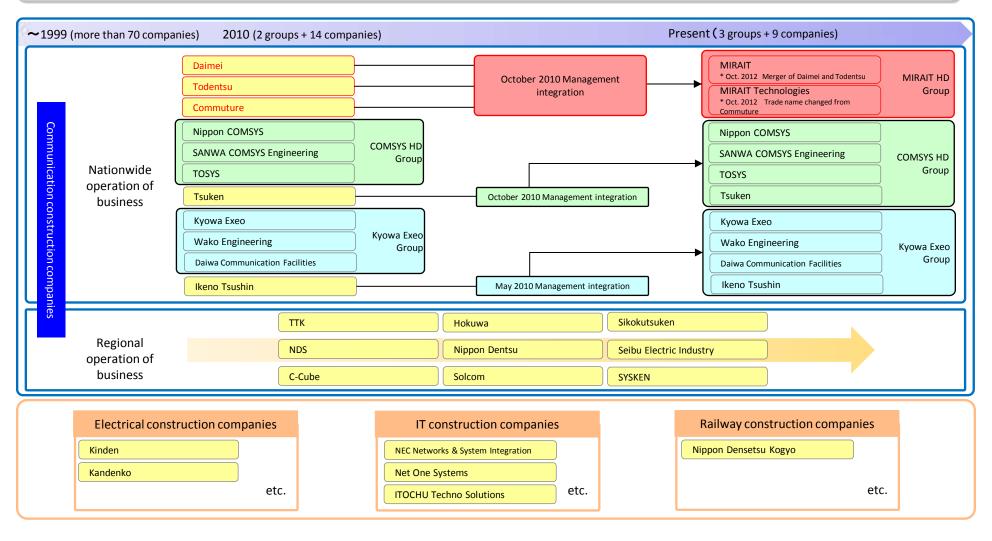
3. Expansion of Business Areas Utilizing the MIRAIT Group's Technologies



4. Current Industry Conditions

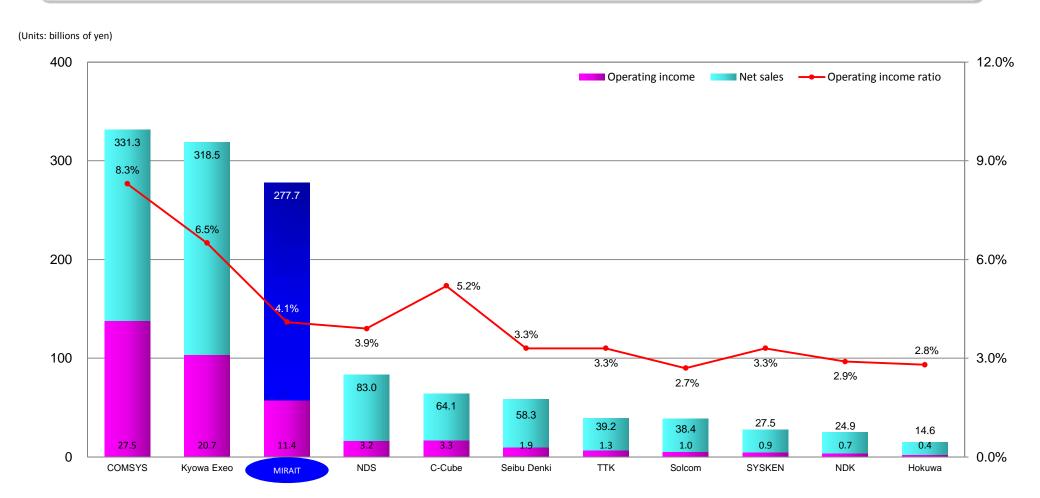
(1) Current State of the Industry (As of December 2014)

- Communications construction companies are made up of three nationwide groups (MIRAIT, COMSYS, Kyowa Exeo), and nine regional companies. In recent years, a realignment of the industry has been carried out by these companies.
- Electrical construction companies and railway construction companies are also operating businesses in the area of communications construction, and some are becoming competitors.



(2) Net Sales and Operating Income of MIRAIT and Peer Companies

MIRAIT Holdings established with the management integration of the three companies had net sales of 277 billion yen in the year ended March 2014, approaching the scale of the two largest companies (COMSYS and Kyowa Exeo). Growing into one of the industry's leading groups.



^{*} Prepared by MIRAIT based on the figures announced by each company. (Solcom's fiscal year closes in December and Sikokutsuken is not disclosed because it was not listed)



VI. Supplementary Materials

1. Performance

Units: billions of yen	FYE March 2011	FYE March 2012	FYE March 2013	FYE March 2014	FYE March 2015 (Plan)
Orders received	241.3	252.0	278.0	282.0	290.0
Net sales	246.6	236.0	271.0	277.7	285.0
Gross profit	24.3	24.0	29.3	29.9	32.3
Gross profit ratio	9.9%	10.2%	10.8%	10.8%	11.3%
SG&A	19.3	18.7	18.4	18.5	19.3
SG&A ratio	7.8%	8.0%	6.8%	6.7%	6.8%
Operating income	4.9	5.2	10.8	11.4	13.0
Operating income ratio	2.0%	2.2%	4.0%	4.1%	4.6%
Ordinary income	5.7	6.1	11.7	12.2	136
Ordinary income ratio	2.0%	2.6%	4.3%	4.4%	4.8%
Net income	30.6	3.2	4.2	7.1	9.2
Net income	12.4%	1.4%	1.5%	2.6%	3.2%

 $[\]ensuremath{^{*}}$ Figures are rounded down to one decimal place (billions of yen).

^{*} In the year ended March 2011, we conducted aggregated accounting (purchase method) with the establishment of the Company. As a simple comparison cannot be made, the figures shown are for the simple aggregate of the three merged companies (Daimei, Commuture, Todentsu).

^{*}Extraordinary income and net income for the year ended March 2011 include the "negative goodwill" (26.8 bil. yen) arising from the integration of management.

2. Orders Received and Net Sales by Business Category

Orders received	FYE March 2014 2Q actual results	FYE March 2015 2Q actual results	YoY Change (Percentage change)	FYE March 2014 Full-year Results	Progress	FYE March 2015 Full-year Forecast	YoY Change (Percentage change)	Progress
Units: billions of yen	(a)	(b)	(b)-(a)	(c)	(a)/(c)	(d)	(d)-(c)	(b)-(d)
NTT Business	50.0	45.5	- 4.5 (- 9.0%)	96.8	51.7%	90.0	- 6.8 (- 7.0%)	50.7%
Multi-carrier business	47.1	52.6	+ 5.5 (+ 11.8%)	97.8	48.2%	96.0	- 1.8 (-1.8%)	54.9%
Environmental & social innovation business	15.6	24.5	+ 8.9 (+ 56.7%)	36.5	43.0%	45.0	+ 8.5 (+ 23.3%)	54.6%
ICT solution business	25.0	25.2	+ 0.2 (+ 0.9%)	50.9	49.2%	59.0	+ 8.1 (+ 15.9%)	42.8%
Total	137.9	148.1	+ 10.2 (+ 7.4%)	282.0	48.9%	290.0	+ 8.0 (+ 2.8%)	51.1%
	-							
Net sales:	FYE March 2014 2Q actual results	FYE March 2015 2Q actual results	YoY Change (Percentage change)	FYE March 2014 Full-year Results	Progress	FYE March 2015 Full-year Forecast	YoY Change (Percentage change)	Progress
Net sales: Units: billions of yen					Progress (a)/(c)		_	Progress (b)-(d)
	2Q actual results	2Q actual results	(Percentage change)	Full-year Results		Full-year Forecast	(Percentage change) (d)-(c)	
Units: billions of yen	2Q actual results (a)	2Q actual results (b)	(Percentage change) (b)-(a) - 1.4	Full-year Results (c)	(a)/(c)	Full-year Forecast (d)	(d)-(c) - 6.9 (- 6.9%)	(b)-(d)
Units: billions of yen NTT Business	2Q actual results (a) 44.2	2Q actual results (b) 42.8	(b)-(a) - 1.4 (-3.3%) + 2.7	(c)	(a)/(c) 44.3%	(d) 93.0	(d)-(c) - 6.9 (-6.9%) - 5.4 (-5.5%)	(b)-(d) 46.0%
Units: billions of yen NTT Business Multi-carrier business Environmental & social	2Q actual results (a) 44.2 43.2	2Q actual results (b) 42.8 45.9	(b)-(a) - 1.4 (-3.3%) + 2.7 (+6.1%) + 4.9	(c) 99.9	(a)/(c) 44.3% 44.0%	(d) 93.0	(d)-(c) - 6.9 (-6.9%) - 5.4 (-5.5%) + 13.5 (+ 47.4%)	(b)-(d) 46.0% 49.4%

^{*} Figures are rounded down to one decimal place (billions of yen).

^{*} The classification of business segments was changed from the fiscal year ending March 31, 2015, and the actual figures for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2014 have been recalculated using the new segments.

3. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets

- As of September 30, 2014, the equity ratio was 67.1% (63.0% as of March 31, 2014)
- Around 70% of assets are current assets, mainly made up of cash & deposits, accounts receivable from completed construction contracts and costs on uncompleted construction contracts
- Over half of liabilities are accounts payable for construction contracts

(Units: billions of yen)

Ratio of current assets 68.6%

ltem Amount		ltem	Amount		
Assets		Liabilities			
Current assets	118.9	Current liabilities	41.4		
		Accounts payable for construction contracts	26.9		
Cash and deposits	29.7	Short-term loans payable	0.18		
Accounts receivable from completed construction	55.2	Other	14.3		
contracts	55.2	Noncurrent liabilities	12.0		
Costs on uncompleted construction contracts	20.2	Long-term loans payable	0.04		
and others	28.3	Other	12.0		
Other	5.6	Total liabilities	53.4		
Other	5.0	Net assets			
Noncurrent assets	54.4	Shareholders' equity	111.8		
Noncurrent assets	34.4	Capital stock	7.0		
Property, plant and equipment	29.8	Capital surplus	25.9		
Property, plant and equipment	29.0	Retained earnings	81.5		
Integrable perets	3.2	Treasury stock	- 2.6		
Intangible assets	3.2	Total accumulated other comprehensive income	4.5		
Investments and other assets	21.3	Minority interests	3.5		
investments and other assets	21.5	Total net assets	119.9		
Total assets	173.4	Total liabilities and net assets	173.4		

Equity: 116.4 bil. yen Equity ratio 67.1%

Total assets 173.4 bil. yen

4. Key Performance Indicators

Capital-related Indicators

	FYE March 2011	FYE March 2012	FYE March 2013	FYE March 2014	FYE March 2015 (Plan)
Equity ratio	66.5 %	65.3%	60.0%	63.0%	67.9%
Return on equity (ROE) *	30.9 % (3.8 %)	3.3%	4.1%	6.7%	8.0%

Shareholder Return Indicators

	FYE March 2011	FYE March 2012	FYE March 2013	FYE March 2014	FYE March 2015 (Plan)
Dividend payout ratio *	2.8 % (47.0 %)	50.7%	39.2 %	22.9%	26.5%
Overall returns *	2.8 % (54.7 %)	50.7%	39.2%	36.7%	26.5 %

Capital Investment and Depreciation and Amortization

Units: billions of yen	FYE March 2011	FYE March 2012	FYE March 2013	FYE March 2014	FYE March 2015 (Plan)
Capital expenditure	6.4	3.4	2.9	3.2	4.2
Depreciation and amortization	2.8	2.7	2.5	2.2	2.3

^{*} The figures in parentheses indicate the values for ROE, dividend payout ratio and overall returns calculated by excluding the impact of negative goodwill (26.8 bil. yen) arising from management integration based on the simple aggregate of the three merged companies.

Cash Flows

Units: billions of yen	FYE March 2011	FYE March 2012	FYE March 2013	FYE March 2014	FYE Marc 2Q actual
Operating cash flow	3.6	5.4	-1.6	9.0	
Investment cash flow	0.4	-2.3	- 1.5	-2.7	
Financial cash flow	-7.1	-2.1	-2.4	-3.5	
Free cash flow	4.0	3.1	-3.1	6.3	

FYE March 2014 2Q actual results	FYE March 2015 2Q actual results
7.5	15.3
- 1.5	- 2.2
- 1.5	- 1.0
5.9	13.1

Cash and Deposits/ Interest-bearing Debt

Units: billions of yen	FYE March 2011	FYE March 2012	FYE March 2013	FYE March 2014	FYE March 2014 2Q actual results	FYE March 2015 2Q actual results
Cash and cash equivalents	18.3	19.6	13.9	16.7	18.3	28.8
Interest-bearing debt	-0.6	- 0.5	- 1.0	- 0.5	- 0.5	- 0.5
Net cash	17.7	19.1	12.9	16.2	17.8	28.3

(Notes)

- 1. Net cash is the amount obtained by deducting interest-bearing debt from cash and cash equivalents
- 2. Cash and cash equivalents exclude deposits and securities not maturing within 3 months.

Precautionary Statement



Statements and quotes relevant to the forecasted values in this handout are the future prospects based on the plans and prospects of the Company at this point in time.

The actual business results could be significantly different from those stated in this handout due to changes in conditions.

As such, please be advised that we will not be able to guarantee the accuracy of the forecasted values, in this handout and the session, over the period of time to come in the future.

MIRAIT Holdings Corporation